VDI-in-a-Box 5.2.x
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Citrix VDI-in-a-Box is a desktop virtualization solution that runs on off-the-shelf servers to deliver centrally-managed virtual desktops to any user, on any device.

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Make sure you always apply the latest hotfix to your VDI-in-a-Box 5.2 deployment: for details, see [http://support.citrix.com/cms/kc/VDI-in-a-Box/](http://support.citrix.com/cms/kc/VDI-in-a-Box/).
Citrix VDI-in-a-Box consists of a single virtual appliance that provides all of the functionality needed to create, provision, manage, and load balance virtual desktops. It has a built-in connection broker, load balancer, user manager, and desktop provisioning server. It does not require separate shared storage, high-speed interconnects, or multiple management servers. The appliance runs on commodity servers running a hypervisor such as Citrix XenServer, Microsoft Hyper-V, or VMware ESXi, and you manage it through a single console.

Citrix Receiver helps provide VDI-in-a-Box desktop users with secure connections to a high-definition personalized user experience. Powered by Citrix HDX technologies, VDI-in-a-Box provides a superior user experience with Flash multimedia and applications, 3D graphics, webcams, audio, and branch office delivery. Although the desktops run on remote servers, the user experience is equivalent to that of a local Windows desktop. Both pooled and personal desktops are available, so users can install their own applications and store profile data. From the user's perspective, logging on to a virtual desktop is the same as logging on to a local desktop.

This section provides general information about VDI-in-a-Box, which you should read before using the product:

- For an overview of VDI-in-a-Box, including concepts and terminology, read VDI-in-a-Box overview.

- For information on new features in this release, read About VDI-in-a-Box 5.2.

- For details of any known issues in this release, read Known issues.
About VDI-in-a-Box

Citrix VDI-in-a-Box consists of a single virtual appliance that provides all of the functionality needed to create, provision, manage, and load balance virtual desktops. It has a built-in connection broker, load balancer, user manager, and desktop provisioning server. It does not require separate shared storage, high-speed interconnects, or multiple management servers. The appliance runs on commodity servers running a hypervisor such as Citrix XenServer, Microsoft Hyper-V, or VMware ESXi, and you manage it through a single console.

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- For information on new features in this release, read About VDI-in-a-Box 5.2.
- For details of any known issues in this release, read Known issues.
VDI-in-a-Box overview

Citrix VDI-in-a-Box consists of a single virtual appliance that provides all the functionality needed to create, provision, manage, and load balance virtual desktops. The VDI-in-a-Box appliance, known as VDI-in-a-Box Manager or vdiManager, runs as a virtual machine on a hypervisor. vdiManager creates and manages virtual desktops on the local physical server by communicating with the local hypervisor.

A typical VDI-in-a-Box deployment might look like this:

Each vdiManager can be set up to run as a single physical server or it can be a part of a collection of physical servers referred to as a VDI-in-a-Box grid. Each vdiManager in a grid performs the following functions:
- Creates virtual desktops from a **template**. A template consists of:
  - An **image** that includes a Windows operating system, a set of applications, and the **VDI-in-a-Box Desktop Agent**, which communicates with the vdiManager about user connections and desktop health. Multiple templates can use the same image.
  - **Policies** that specify characteristics such as how many desktops to create, the number of virtual CPUs and how much RAM to allocate to them, whether local USB peripherals can be accessed by the virtual desktop, and the desktop refresh policy. A grid can contain multiple templates and images.

To provide access to virtual desktops, you assign individual users, user groups, or a range of IP addresses to the template on which the desktops are based. Desktop assignment can therefore be either user-based or location-based. You can also make any template the default template for the grid; this means that any user who logs on but has not been assigned a template is provided with a desktop based on the default template.

- Balances the load across the grid. vdiManagers create desktops across servers running vdiManager based on how many desktops are currently running on each server and the availability of computing resources (memory and cores) on each server. When a user logs on, vdiManager provisions a desktop from a lightly loaded server.

- Provides high availability. vdiManager instances on physical servers communicate with each other to share key operational and configuration information.

  For instance, VDI-in-a-Box templates and images are stored on multiple servers so they are not lost if a physical server fails. When a physical server fails, the remaining servers in the grid have the necessary information to create extra desktops to replace those on the failed server. When the failed server is repaired and rejoins the grid, the key operational and configuration information is sent to it and it then resumes desktop provisioning.

  Citrix recommends that you have a grid consisting of N+1 servers where N servers are capable of handling the regular load and 1 server is available to absorb the load in case one server in the grid fails. This means that if a single server fails, grid operations are not adversely affected.

- Brokers connections so that a user can log on to any server in the grid.

- Provides a web-based interface, the **VDI-in-a-Box console**, used to configure and manage servers running vdiManager, desktops, templates, images, users, and the grid, all at the grid level. In the VDI-in-a-Box console, the grid appears as one logical server running vdiManager. It is also possible to view the status and activity of each server individually when required. When you update vdiManager on one server, vdiManager distributes the changes to all servers in the grid.

VDI-in-a-Box is designed to work without shared storage. A direct access storage device for each server is sufficient.

**User authentication and user data**

VDI-in-a-Box allows you to choose between Active Directory and Workgroups.
VDI-in-a-Box uses Active Directory for authentication and a simple network file system to hold user data.

For Windows domain environments, Active Directory service is required to provide user authorization and authentication.

Active Directory can also be used to provide “roaming profiles,” keeping user application configurations and their My Documents folders in a central location outside of the desktop. With this approach users are presented with a personalized desktop each time they log on. While the use of roaming profiles is optional, it provides personalization that makes the user experience for virtual desktops nearly identical to that for a physical desktop. Use of third-party profile management tools with VDI-in-a-Box requires only the deployment of their agents on each VDI-in-a-Box image.

Each server running vdiManager requires sufficient local storage to keep images, templates, and configuration information needed for a highly available system. VDI-in-a-Box does not back up user data stored on virtual desktops. Typical usage is to create desktops dynamically from a template and destroy them based on a refresh policy. A simple network file system is sufficient to keep user data outside the desktop.

For sites using Workgroups, VDI-in-a-Box includes a user database for authentication.
About VDI-in-a-Box 5.2

This release provides support for new Microsoft operating systems and technologies, adds support for new hypervisor versions, and integrates VDI-in-a-Box more closely with other Citrix products. The new features and enhancements include:

- **Support for new hypervisor versions.** VDI-in-a-Box now supports Microsoft Hyper-V Server 2012, XenServer 6.1, and vSphere 5.1.

- **Citrix Cloud Gateway StoreFront support.** StoreFront users can access their VDI-in-a-Box desktops through StoreFront services provided by Cloud Gateway. StoreFront is a unified application and data store that allows Windows, web, SaaS and mobile applications to be aggregated and delivered to any user on any device anywhere. VDI-in-a-Box is now even more accessible on more devices through StoreFront and can be delivered alongside all your other applications. For more details, see Use StoreFront with VDI-in-a-Box.

  Download StoreFront from the VDI-in-a-Box download page on the Citrix web site.

- **Microsoft Lync support.** The Citrix HDX RealTime Optimization Pack for Microsoft Lync offers clear, crisp, high-definition video calls in conjunction with Microsoft Lync. Users can seamlessly participate in audio-video or audio-only calls to and from other HDX RealTime users and other standards-based video desktop and conference room systems. For more details, see Optimize Microsoft Lync calling in virtual desktops hosted by VDI-in-a-Box.

- **Image export.** Published images can easily be exported for use with Citrix XenDesktop and other purposes on the hypervisor. For more details, see Manage images.

- **Licensing management through a Citrix license server.** If you are already using Citrix Licensing, you now have the option to also manage VDI-in-Box licensing through your central license server. For more details, see License VDI-in-a-Box.

- **Multiple data stores.** A third data store can be configured. This allows separate storage of personal vDisks (the personalized data and applications used for personal desktops), enabling you to use faster storage for this to optimize performance. For more details, see Store data in more than one data store.

- **Windows Server 2012 virtual desktops.** Support is provided for Windows Server 2012 images as virtual desktops using RDP connection only.

- **Automated desktop agent upgrade.** After upgrading VDI-in-a-Box, you can update the desktop agents on your existing images with a single click. For more details, see Migrate from VDI-in-a-Box 5.0.x or 5.1.x to VDI-in-a-Box 5.2.

- **Citrix Desktop Lock.** Use the Desktop Lock when users do not need to interact with the local desktop. In this access scenario, the virtual desktop effectively replaces the local one, allowing the user to interact with the virtual desktop as if it is local. This enables you to use workstations as thin clients to connect to VDI-in-a-Box. For more details, see Manage the Citrix Desktop Lock.
About this release

Download the Desktop Lock from the VDI-in-a-Box download page on the Citrix web site.
Known issues

Known issues for VDI-in-a-Box 5.2.1

This topic contains:

- General issues
- Third-party issues
- Globalization issues
- Issues fixed in this release
Known issues

General issues

- When users log off from the Receiver for Web StoreFront site, a message appears telling them that there has been an error, and that if any applications are running they should exit from them manually. To log off, users should close any open HDX connections. [356839]

- The Citrix license may not be visible in the About dialog box after it has been uploaded to VDI-in-a-Box. If this occurs, restart the VDI-in-a-Box Manager on which the license was uploaded, reconnect to the VDI-in-a-Box Manager, and click About to see the license. [300849]

- Personal desktops using Multiple Activation Key (MAK) activation consume a new activation each time the personal desktop is refreshed or reset. [317240]

- File and printer sharing firewall exceptions are not created for the domain when you create a draft image from a base image that was a member of a workgroup before it was imported. To work around this issue, from the Control Panel go to System and Security > Windows Firewall > Allowed Programs and select File and Printer Sharing in the Domain column. [325619]

- Disabling the multiple data stores feature after it has been enabled does not remove or block the additional data stores. All data stores remain available. To remove the additional data stores, from the VDI-in-a-Box Manager Console, click the Servers tab and click the server to be configured. In the Server Properties dialog box, click Configure and in the Select datastores section, set all data stores to the same data store. [310168]

- The HDX connection to a VDI-in-a-Box desktop running Windows 7 using a VMware ESX/ESXi hypervisor may fail. This can happen if VMware Tools has been updated on the image after the VDI-in-a-Box Desktop Agent was installed. To resolve this issue, disable the display adapter VMware SVGA 3D, which is added as part of the VMware Tools installation. [318109]

- The system does not handle single or double quote characters in the desktop administrator's password when performing remote installation of the desktop agent. The workaround is to skip remote install of the Desktop Agent and perform manual installation of the desktop agent by connecting to the desktop. [349491]

- Dialog boxes may occasionally flicker in Internet Explorer. The workaround is to reload the page after refreshing the browser cache. [347445]

- The user cannot log on if the computer domain is different from the user domain and the user's User Principal Name (UPN) has a different UPN suffix from the user domain. To avoid this issue, ensure that the UPN suffix is the same as the user domain if the computer domain is different from the user domain. [353251]

- You can import an image with the same name as an existing published image; this results in you being unable to save the imported image. [354291]

- Refresh action may result in the damage or destruction of a personal desktop if performed during the auto-update of personal desktops carried out by vdiManager when the image is updated. Citrix recommends avoiding the Refresh action for personal desktops, either from the template or for a specific personal desktop. [371380]
Third-party issues

- If after installing a hotfix on XenServer, all the desktop instances provisioned from an image fail to start or you cannot edit that image, a possible reason is that an old version of XenServer Tools is mounted in the DVD of the published image (XenServer template) and the provisioned VMs from that template. Use the XenCenter console to eject the DVD from each affected VM and the XenServer template (VDI-in-a-Box published image): to do this, in the Storage tab of the VM/XenServer template in the XenCenter console click Eject on DVD Drive 1.

Globalization issues

- VDI-in-a-Box does not support non-ASCII characters in ESXi hypervisor items. [318690]
- VDI-in-a-Box does not support Surrogate Pairs characters in hypervisor items such as VM name or Network Adopter name. [318681]
- A Simplified Chinese Windows Server 2008 R2 environment migrated from VDI-in-a-Box 5.0.x or 5.1.x to 5.2 has a status of “broken” if the firewall on the Hyper-V server blocks SMB ports (for file and printer sharing). To resolve this issue, uninstall the Hyper-V connector and manually install the VDI-in-a-Box 5.2 version. [327239]
- The user name displayed on the log on screen in an RDP session contains corrupted characters if the name includes non-ASCII characters. [321966]
- VDI-in-a-Box does not support non-ASCII characters for the user name when the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client is started from a command prompt window. If possible, launch the Java Desktop Client with a web browser by typing https://IPaddress/dt/vidclient.jnlp in the Address box. [297880]
- Desktops cannot be launched from Internet Explorer when using a StoreFront Receiver for Web site if the template name contains non-ASCII characters. To resolve this issue, add the web site's URL to the list of trusted sites in Internet Explorer. [346543]

Issues fixed in this release

For a list of issues fixed in this release, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX136878.

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- You can import an image with the same name as an existing published image; this results in you being unable to save the imported image. [354291]

- You may see the message ‘Logged off … because unassigned user logged on’ if you have selected scheduled desktop refresh with Enable fast refresh of desktops and Refresh all desktops including those in use, and users are currently logged on to desktops. This message appears because of the delay between a refresh action being initiated and the hypervisor actually refreshing the desktop: during this period a notification from the
desktop agent results in the vdiManager reacting as though an unauthorized user were logged on. It is safe to ignore this message. If you do not want to see this message, edit the template to clear the check box Enable fast refresh of desktop, set the minimum number of provisioned desktops to 0, then generate new desktops by restoring the minimum number of desktops in the template to the desired value. [348646]

- Computer names for draft images and orphaned desktops are not deleted from Active Directory. Orphaned desktops are desktops that exist on the hypervisor but have been removed from the grid, usually because of a server or network failure. [328530]

- ESXi 5.0 Update 1: after an image is updated, it fails to distribute. [321829]

- Refresh action may result in the damage or destruction of a personal desktop if performed during the auto-update of personal desktops carried out by vdiManager when the image is updated. Citrix recommends avoiding the Refresh action for personal desktops, either from the template or for a specific personal desktop. [371380]

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Known issues

Issues fixed in this release

- During an upgrade, if the Take grid out of maintenance mode confirmation dialog indicates that the grid nodes have different versions, wait a few minutes more before taking the grid out of maintenance mode. This additional time is needed because the servers in the grid are upgraded twice. [324628]

- After an upgrade, if the Status History contains two “Hyper-V Connector upgrade failed” entries followed by the entry “Server checks out fine,” the upgrade was successful. [324937]

- A non-English Windows Server 2008 R2 environment upgraded from VDI-in-a-Box 5.0.2 to 5.1 has a status of “broken” if the firewall on the Hyper-V server blocks SMB ports (for file and printer sharing). To resolve this issue, uninstall the Hyper-V connector and manually install the VDI-in-a-Box 5.1.1 version, downloaded in VDI-in-a-Box_Hyper-V_v5_1_1.zip. [327239]

- XenServer 6.1 is not supported, and VDI-in-a-Box 5.1.x does not run on XenServer 6.1.

- A personal desktop does not provision successfully if it has more vCPUs than the draft image. To work around this issue, set the vCPU on the draft image to the number to be used for provisioning. [326647]

- The Username field on the VDI-in-a-Box web logon page is case-sensitive if User Database is set to VDI-in-a-Box workgroup. [328059]
System requirements for VDI-in-a-Box 5.2.x

This section specifies the hypervisors, user devices, and system resources that are required to implement Citrix VDI-in-a-Box, and also provides advice on server sizing:

- Server requirements
- User device requirements

All versions and products supported are listed in this section. Other versions and products have not been fully tested by Citrix with this version of VDI-in-a-Box.
Server requirements

This topic describes the software you need on your servers to run VDI-in-a-Box. It also provides information on sizing your servers.

Supported hypervisors

VDI-in-a-Box implements its own clustering. Citrix therefore recommends not enabling your hypervisor’s own clustering/pooling feature.

Citrix XenServer

- Citrix XenServer 6.1 Platinum, Enterprise, Advanced, and Free editions
- Citrix XenServer 6.0.2 Platinum, Enterprise, Advanced, and Free editions

Note: Servers in a XenServer pool are not supported by VDI-in-a-Box.

To optimize usage of space on your servers, consider using the XenServer Thin Provisioning feature.

Microsoft Hyper-V

- Microsoft Hyper-V Server 2012
  
  If your hypervisor is Microsoft Hyper-V Server 2012 and does not have access to the internet, you must manually install .NET Framework 3.5 before installing the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box for Hyper-V Connector. At a command prompt, type:

  DISM /Online /Enable-Feature /FeatureName:NetFx3 /All /LimitAccess /Source:hyper_v_iso_location\sources\sxs

  where hyper_v_iso_location is the location of your Hyper-V installation media.

- Microsoft Hyper-V Server 2008 R2 with Service Pack 1
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 with Service Pack 1, Enterprise edition, with Hyper-V role enabled
  
  - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server - supported
  
  - Active Directory - supported
- Windows Server 2008 R2 with Service Pack 1 Server Core, with Hyper-V role enabled
  
  - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server - supported
  
  - Active Directory - supported

Note: Windows Server 2008 R2 with Service Pack 1, Standard edition is not supported by VDI-in-a-Box for use with Hyper-V.
Citrix does not recommend using Internet Information Services (IIS) with Hyper-V and VDI-in-a-Box. However, if you do use this combination, you must add an IIS SSL binding in the IIS Manager. Refer to your Microsoft documentation for details of how to do this. The VDI-in-a-Box SSL binding on port 9875 must remain, and you must restore your other bindings (including the one on 443) manually.

**VMware ESXi or VMware vSphere**

- VMware Essentials license or greater is required.

  **Note:** If you are evaluating Citrix VDI-in-a-Box and have downloaded a free version of ESXi from the VMware Web site, do not install the license key that comes with that version. If you install this license key, the APIs required for Citrix VDI-in-a-Box to work with the hypervisor close and the setup process ends. Leave the license selection as Evaluation Mode (No License Key). Convert to a paid hypervisor license during the trial period.

- VMware ESXi 5.1
- VMware ESXi 5.0 Update 1

**Virtual desktop operating systems**

- Windows 8 Enterprise and Pro editions, 32-bit or 64-bit versions (Technical Preview. For RDP connections only.)
- Windows 7 with Service Pack 1, Professional and Enterprise editions, 32-bit or 64-bit versions
- Windows XP with Service Pack 3, Professional edition, 32-bit version
- Windows Server 2012, Full Standard edition, 64-bit version (Technical Preview. For RDP connections only.)
- Windows Server 2008 R2 with Service Pack 1, Enterprise edition, 64-bit version

Windows 7 N is not supported.


**Web browsers for accessing the vdiManager console**

Use the following Web browsers to access the VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) console:

- Windows Internet Explorer 9 and 8
- Google Chrome
- Mozilla Firefox
- Safari
Sizing your servers

Server sizing calculators are available. Citrix recommends that you use them when sizing servers for your VDI-in-a-Box deployment:

- Partners: Go to http://www.citrix.com/skb, click VDI-in-a-Box, and then click Citrix VDI-in-a-Box 5.2 Server Sizing Tool.

User device requirements

VDI-in-a-Box provisioned desktops can be accessed from a Web browser, Citrix Receiver, or the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client.

- **Required** — Install Citrix Receiver on the user device to access VDI-in-a-Box desktops. You can download it from [http://receiver.citrix.com/?ntref=citrixdotcomdownloads](http://receiver.citrix.com/?ntref=citrixdotcomdownloads). Citrix Receiver is available for a wide range of user devices including Windows, iPhone, iPad, Android, Mac, Blackberry, and Linux.

- **Optional** — If you want to use the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client on a user device running Windows, Mac, or Linux, you must also install the Java Runtime Environment (JRE), which you can download from [http://www.java.com](http://www.java.com).

- To use the Desktop Lock, user devices must be running Windows XP or Windows 7 and have Receiver Enterprise edition installed.

Use the following Web browsers to access VDI-in-a-Box provisioned desktops from user devices:

- Internet Explorer 9 and 8
- Google Chrome
- Mozilla Firefox
- Safari
- Opera

You can also access desktops from a wide range of thin clients. For details of Citrix Ready thin clients, see [http://www.citrix.com/ready/](http://www.citrix.com/ready/).
Optional components

This topic describes optional components and products that you can use to enhance your experience of VDI-in-a-Box, depending on the use cases and organizational environment you are working with.

- **Secure remote access.** VDI-in-a-Box works with Access Gateway or Remote Desktop Gateway to provide secure remote access.

  Secure remote connections from user devices to virtual desktops are supported for the following product versions:

  - Citrix Access Gateway VPX 5.0.4
  - Citrix Access Gateway 10
  - Remote Desktop Gateway with Remote Desktop Connection 6.1 or 7

  For more details, see *Configure secure remote access* and *To configure the vdiManager connection through the Remote Desktop Gateway*.

- **Profile management.** Citrix recommends that you use Citrix Profile management with your VDI-in-a-Box deployment so that user data can be stored separately from virtual desktops and can persist across desktop refreshes. Download Profile management from the VDI-in-a-Box download page. For more details, see *Configure Profile management*.

- **Citrix StoreFront.** StoreFront integrates with your existing Citrix deployment enabling you to deliver Windows applications and virtual desktops to any device through a unified self-service storefront.

  VDI-in-a-Box supports Citrix StoreFront 1.2.

  For more details, see *Use StoreFront with VDI-in-a-Box*.

- **Citrix HDX RealTime Optimization Pack for Microsoft Lync.** This provides a highly scalable solution for delivering real-time audio-video conferencing and USB or VoIP enterprise telephony through Microsoft Lync in VDI-in-a-Box environments. Download the pack from the VDI-in-a-Box download page. For more details, see *Optimize Microsoft Lync calling in virtual desktops hosted by VDI-in-a-Box*.

- **HDX Optimization Pack for Google Earth.** This pack improves the visual quality of images generated by the Google Earth application. For more details, see *HDX Optimization Pack for Google Earth*.

- **Citrix Desktop Lock.** Use the Desktop Lock to turn your existing user devices into thin clients by blocking access to the local operating system. This allows you to repurpose existing machines and avoid purchasing new thin clients. Download the Desktop Lock from the VDI-in-a-Box download page. For more details, see *Manage the Citrix Desktop Lock*.

- **Smart cards.** VDI-in-a-Box supports smart card authentication. For more details, see *Configure smart card authentication*. 


Optional components

- **Application virtualization.** VDI-in-a-Box works with application virtualization solutions such as XenApp to provide flexibility in meeting your desktop and application virtualization needs. VDI-in-a-Box can deliver any application through a virtual desktop; you can install the applications your users need on the images used to provision desktops. In cases where this is not sufficient, you can enable your users to connect to XenApp applications directly from a VDI-in-a-Box desktop by installing Citrix Receiver on the image and configuring it to point to the XenApp store. You can also use StoreFront to access applications.

- **VMware vCenter.** vCenter is not required to operate a VDI-in-a-Box grid. VDI-in-a-Box has a built-in connection broker, load balancer, user manager, and desktop provisioning server that allow you to manage all the servers in the grid as one logical server. In addition, VDI-in-a-Box provides linked clones to reduce storage without vCenter. However, if you use vCenter to monitor your ESX servers, you can continue to do so with VDI-in-a-Box running on ESX. To do so, make the vCenter information known to the grid so that VDI-in-a-Box can interoperate with vCenter.
Get started with VDI-in-a-Box

To set up a Citrix VDI-in-a-Box deployment:

1. Read Before getting started with VDI-in-a-Box to ensure you are ready to set up your deployment.
2. Download and extract the VDI-in-a-Box Manager
3. Create and configure the grid
4. Create the first Windows image
5. Create the first template from the published image
6. Assign templates to users, groups, and IP addresses
7. Test the connection as a user
Before getting started with VDI-in-a-Box

Before proceeding with the installation, configuration, and use of Citrix VDI-in-a-Box, you must have the following available:

- One or more servers running one of the following hypervisor systems:
  - Citrix XenServer/XenCenter
  - Microsoft Hyper-V/Hyper-V Manager
  - VMware ESXi/vSphere Client
- The administrator user name (‘root’ for XenServer and ESXi) and password for the hypervisors.
- A Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server.
- If you are using MAK activation, you must have a Windows Volume License key.
- If you are using KMS activation, you must have an active KMS server that has already activated at least 25 desktops.
- If your network uses Microsoft Active Directory, you must have the user name and password of an Active Directory user with read, write, and modify privileges for computer accounts and read privileges for user accounts.
Download and extract the VDI-in-a-Box Manager

Separate packages are provided on the Citrix web site for each supported type of hypervisor. Downloading them, extracting the relevant version of the VDI-in-a-Box Manager, and importing it into your hypervisor, are described in the following topics:

- Download and extract the VDI-in-a-Box Manager to XenServer
- Download and extract the VDI-in-a-Box Manager to Microsoft Hyper-V
- Download and extract the VDI-in-a-Box Manager to VMware ESXi
Download and extract the VDI-in-a-Box Manager to XenServer

Download the VDI-in-a-Box virtual appliance, called VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager), for use with Citrix XenServer from the Citrix website.

The download package, VDI-in-a-Box_XenServer_v5_2_x.zip, contains the vdiManager file, vdiManager_Xen_v5_2_x.xva. About 1.9 GB of disk space is needed to extract vdiManager.

**Note:** Be sure to download and extract the file to a location accessible with Citrix XenCenter.

2. If you are not already logged on to My Citrix, do so now. If you open the Download page without having logged on, you are unable to download the product software.
3. Click Downloads.
4. From the products list, select VDI-in-a-Box.
5. From the download type list, select Product Software.
6. Click Find. The VDI-in-a-Box product software page appears.
7. Click the version of the product you want to download. The product version page appears.
8. From the Appliances section, for the version that matches your hypervisor, click Download. The End-User License Agreement appears.
9. Accept the agreement. The Download Manager window opens.
10. Click Download Now.
11. Click Install and save the zip file. The Download Manager downloads the zip file.
12. From the zip file, extract the vdiManager file.

**To import vdiManager**

When the vdiManager file is extracted, import it into Citrix XenCenter. For details on importing with XenCenter, see your XenServer documentation. When the import process is finished, vdiManager appears in the XenCenter management console as a virtual machine.

**Important:** Do not import more than one vdiManager per hypervisor. Doing so may result in excessive CPU, RAM, disk, and network consumption, and cause system non-responsiveness.
Download and extract the VDI-in-a-Box Manager to XenServer
Download and extract the VDI-in-a-Box Manager to Microsoft Hyper-V

Download the VDI-in-a-Box virtual appliance, called VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager), for use with Microsoft Hyper-V from the Citrix website.

The download package, VDI-in-a-Box_Hyper-V_v5_2_x.zip, contains the vdiManager file, vdiManager_Hyper-V_v5_2_x.exe. About 2 GB of disk space is needed to extract vdiManager. In addition to installing vdiManager, the vdiManager file configures Microsoft Hyper-V to work with VDI-in-a-Box, including enabling the Hyper-V Manager role, if it is not already set.

Note: Be sure to download and extract the file to a location accessible with Microsoft Hyper-V.

2. If you are not already logged on to My Citrix, do so now. If you open the Download page without having logged on, you are unable to download the product software.
3. Click Downloads.
4. From the products list, select VDI-in-a-Box.
5. From the download type list, select Product Software.
6. Click Find. The VDI-in-a-Box product software page appears.
7. Click the product version you want to download. The product version page appears.
8. From the Appliances section, for the version that matches your hypervisor, click Download. The End-User License Agreement appears.
9. Accept the agreement. The Download Manager window opens.
10. Click Download Now.
11. Click Install and save the zip file. The Download Manager downloads the zip file.
12. From the zip file, extract the vdiManager file.

Import the vdiManager into Hyper-V

The Citrix VDI-in-a-Box for Hyper-V Setup wizard installs:

- Citrix VDI-in-a-Box for Hyper-V Connector
Note: Use the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box for Hyper-V Connector delivered with VDI-in-a-Box_Hyper-V_v5_2_x.zip. Earlier versions are not supported.

Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Manager appliance

Important: Do not import a vdiManager onto a Hyper-V server with an existing vdiManager. Doing so updates the Hyper-V Connector on the server, rendering it incompatible with the existing grid and causing the grid to stop functioning.

Important: Hyper-V automatically pauses virtual machines, including the VDI-in-a-Box Managers, when it detects the server on which it is running is low on disk space. The virtual machines are placed in the Paused-Critical state. To resolve this, make space available on the server.

1. Start vdiManager_Hyper-V_v5_2_x.exe by double-clicking the icon or at a command prompt. The Citrix VDI-in-a-Box for Hyper-V Setup wizard appears.

2. Click Next. The Select Destination Location page appears.

3. Accept the default location for the VDI-in-a-Box installation and click Next. The Select Additional Tasks page appears.

4. Leaving Create Citrix VDI-in-a-Box manager virtual appliance selected, click Install.

   Note: Selecting Enable Hyper-V Remote Administration enables you to manage the virtual desktops from a remote device.

   The installation process begins. At its conclusion, the Welcome to Citrix VDI-in-a-Box for Hyper-V page appears.

5. Click Close.

6. Click Finish. On the device running Hyper-V Manager, or an alternative management console, the vdiManager appears in the hypervisor list of virtual machines as vdiManager_timestamp.

   Important: Do not import more than one vdiManager per hypervisor. Doing so may result in excessive CPU, RAM, disk, and network consumption, and cause system non-responsiveness.
Download and extract the VDI-in-a-Box Manager to VMware ESXi

Download the VDI-in-a-Box virtual appliance, called VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager), for use with VMware ESXi from the Citrix website.

The download package, VDI-in-a-Box_ESX_v5_2_x.zip, contains the vdiManager file, vdiManager_ESX_v5_2_x.ova. About 2 GB of disk space is needed to extract vdiManager.

**Note:** Be sure to download and extract the file to a location accessible with VMware vSphere Client.

2. If you are not already logged on to My Citrix, do so now. If you open the Download page without having logged on, you are unable to download the product software.
3. Click Downloads.
4. From the products list, select VDI-in-a-Box.
5. From the download type list, select Product Software.
6. Click Find. The VDI-in-a-Box product software page appears.
7. Click the version you want to download. The product version page appears.
8. From the Appliances section, for the version that matches your hypervisor, click Download. The End-User License Agreement appears.
9. Accept the agreement. The Download Manager window opens.
10. Click Download Now.
11. Click Install and save the zip file. The Download Manager downloads the zip file.
12. From the zip file, extract the vdiManager file.

**To import vdiManager**

When the vdiManager file is extracted, import it into VMware vSphere Client. For details on importing with vSphere Client, see http://www.vmware.com/. When the import process is finished, vdiManager appears in the vSphere Client management console Inventory view as a virtual machine.

**Important:** Do not import more than one vdiManager per hypervisor. Doing so may result in excessive CPU, RAM, disk, and network consumption, and cause system non-responsiveness.
Download and extract the VDI-in-a-Box Manager to VMware ESXi
Create and configure the grid

Configure the VDI-in-a-Box grid when VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) has been imported into your hypervisor and is available in its management console.

The grid unites servers running vdiManager, allowing load balancing and ensuring high availability of virtual machines on the servers.

Enable JavaScript and cookies on your browser.

To open the vdiManager console for first time setup

These steps may vary slightly depending on your Web browser.

1. In your hypervisor, ensure vdiManager is started and in a powered-on state.
   
   **Note:** If you have not already done so, make note of the vdiManager IP address.

2. In your Web browser’s URL box, type `https://<IPaddress>/admin/` and press Enter. A security warning about the Web site’s certificate may appear.

3. Accept the certificate as trusted and continue. If additional warnings appear, accept those, too. The Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Administrator Login page appears.

4. On the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Administrator Login page, in the Username box, type `vdiadmin`.

5. In the Password box, type `kaviza` and click Log On. The Welcome page, showing the four high-level steps necessary to complete virtual desktops, appears.
Create and configure the grid

Note that the question about migration is relevant only if you already have a VDI-in-a-Box Manager for an earlier version of VDI-in-a-Box and want to migrate to a newer version of the product.
To set up the hypervisor

1. On the Welcome page, click Get Started. The Set up your Hypervisor and VDI-in-a-Box Grid page appears.
2. Click Continue. The Hypervisor page of the VDI-in-a-Box Initial Set up wizard appears.
3. In the IP Address box, type the IP address for the server running your hypervisor.
4. In the User Name and Password boxes, type your user name and password. The user account must have root privileges.
5. Click Next. The Datastore page of the VDI-in-a-Box Initial Set up wizard appears.

To set up the data store and network label

The data store contains your desktop images, virtual desktops, and personal vDisks (the personalized data and applications used for personal desktops).

1. On the Datastore page, select the data store and network label.
2. Click Next. The data store information is saved and the Grid page of the VDI-in-a-Box Initial Setup wizard appears, allowing you to create a new grid or join an existing grid.

**To select a new or existing grid**

Create a new grid when setting up a new VDI-in-a-Box environment. When creating a new grid, you must associate it with a database containing the users and groups who will be accessing the VDI-in-a-Box virtual machines. The database can be your Active Directory server or a locally stored database called a workgroup.

Join an existing grid when expanding a VDI-in-a-Box environment.
To create a new grid and assign a database

1. On the Grid page, select Create a new VDI-in-a-Box grid and click Next. The Configuration page of the VDI-in-a-Box Initial Set up wizard appears.

2. In User Database, select VDI-in-a-Box workgroup or Microsoft Active Directory. If you selected Microsoft Active Directory, you must provide additional information. If you selected VDI-in-a-Box workgroup, you do not need to provide this information.
Note that the External Management check box appears only if your hypervisor is VMware ESXi.

3. If you selected Active Directory, in the IP Address box, type the IP address hosting the database.

4. If you selected Active Directory, in the Domain box, type the DNS domain.

5. If you selected Active Directory, in the User Name and Password boxes, type your user name and password. The user should have Domain Administrator privileges; if this is not possible, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX136282 for details of the minimum permissions needed if you use a Domain User account instead.

6. If your hypervisor is VMware ESXi, follow these steps. If your hypervisor is XenServer or Hyper-V, continue to step 7:

   a. If VMware vCenter manages servers in the grid, select vCenter manages servers in this grid.

   b. In the IP Address box, type the IP address of the server running vCenter.

   c. In the User Name and Password boxes, type your vCenter username and password. The user must have Domain Administrator privileges.

7. Click Next. The question “Have you reserved a dedicated IP address for VDI-in-a-Box Manager?,” appears.
Create and configure the grid

8. Select Yes or No and click Done. The Generate a Base Desktop Image page appears.

To join an existing grid

1. In the VDI-in-a-Box Initial Set up wizard, on the Grid page, select Join a VDI-in-a-Box server on an existing grid and click Next. The Configuration page of the VDI-in-a-Box Initial Set up wizard appears.

2. On the Configuration page, in the IP Address box, type the IP address of the vdiManager in the existing grid.

3. On the Configuration page, in the User Name and Password boxes, type your vdiManager console user name and password.

4. Click Next. The grid configuration process is finished.
Create the first Windows image

After you have created your VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) and associated it with a data store, database, and grid, you can create your first Windows image.

Use your hypervisor to create a new virtual machine running one of the supported Windows operating systems. Refer to your hypervisor documentation for details.

When creating the virtual machine, be sure that it meets the following conditions:

- The virtual machine is running one of the supported Windows operating systems.
- Remote Desktop Connection (RDP) functionality must be enabled on the virtual machine.
- The virtual machine has only one network interface card (NIC) and it is assigned to Device 0.
- The virtual machine has only one disk image.
- The virtual machine must be started and in a powered on state before importing into VDI-in-a-Box.
- The virtual machine has at least 4 GB of space available.

To prepare for importing the image

You must complete the following steps outside VDI-in-a-Box. See the respective manufacturers’ documentation for details.

1. Enable the Local Administrator account on the virtual machine. This step is not necessary if the VM is running Windows XP.

2. Install your hypervisor’s management tools on the virtual machine. See the hypervisor manufacturer’s documentation for details.

3. If desired, join the virtual machine to a domain.

   **Note:** The virtual machine can be a member of a workgroup.

4. Log on to the virtual machine as the local administrator and enable remote connections for your users.

5. Enable File and Printer Sharing in firewall settings to allow remote agent installation. See the firewall manufacturer’s documentation for details. Ensure that your network is identified as a private or domain network.

6. If the VM is running Windows XP, in the Advanced Setting section of the View dialog box (My Computer > Tools > Folder Options > View), disable Use simple file sharing.
To import the Windows virtual machine

If the Generate a Base Desktop Image page is not currently displayed in your Web browser, navigate to your new vdiManager (https://<IPaddress>/admin/) and log on.

1. On the Generate a Base Desktop Image page, click Continue.

2. On the Import new VM page, select the virtual machine you want to use as an image.

3. In the New Image Name box, type a name for the imported virtual machine.

   **Note:** The name should be different from the name of the source image.

4. In the Description box, type a description of the virtual machine.

5. Leave the **Install Agent manually** check box cleared. Citrix recommends you select manual installation only if you require custom installation of agent components, or as a fallback if automatic installation does not work in your deployment environment. For details of how to install the agent manually, see Install the Desktop Agent manually.

6. Click Import. The Specify Administrator Credentials dialog box appears.
Note: If the VM is running Windows XP, the option for selecting a local user with administrator privileges is not available.

7. Select whether to provide credentials for an administrator or a local user with administrator privileges.

Important: If you select to use the credentials for a local user with administrator privileges, disable the Microsoft Windows feature User Account Control (UAC). For details, see http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc709691(v=ws.10).aspx.

8. Type the user name and password for an account with administrator privileges on the image and click OK. The import and Desktop Agent installation process begins creating a draft image, and a status page appears showing the progress. The Edit Image page of the Import new VM wizard appears.

**To edit the draft image**

Edit the draft image to add any necessary updates, settings, or patches as well as any applications to be included in the deployed image. A checklist is provided to help ensure the image meets all prerequisites for producing desktops.

1. On the Edit Image page, click Connect.
2. In the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Log in dialog box, provide your administrator credentials for the image and click Log in.

3. Edit the image as necessary and log off.

4. In the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Log in dialog box, click Cancel to close it.

5. On the Edit Image page, click View. A list of prerequisites, in question format, appears.
Create the first Windows image

Note: The prerequisites vary based on hypervisor and image operating system.

6. Click Yes to indicate each prerequisite has been met.

7. When all prerequisites have been met, click Done. The prerequisites close and the Edit Image page appears.

8. Click Next. The Prepare Image page appears.

To prepare the image

On the Prepare Image page, select whether the image will be used to generate pooled or personal desktops.

Note: Personal desktops can be generated only from images based on Windows 7.

Pooled desktops are single-disk desktops derived from the published image, which you are in the process of building with this wizard. Personal desktops are two-disk desktops joining the published image with a personal vDisk. For details about personal desktops, see Manage personal desktops. An image prepared for use with a personal desktop can also be used to generate pooled desktops, allowing you flexibility in how you use your published image. However, if you intend to use an image to generate pooled desktops only, prepare it using the Pooled desktops option to avoid adding unnecessary personal vDisk settings.
Create the first Windows image

1. On the Prepare Image page, in the Domain name box, if it is active, select the domain or workgroup.

   **Note:** To configure separate user and computer domains, see Configure separate user and computer domains.

2. In the optional Organizational unit (OU) box, type the organization unit to which the image will apply.

3. Select Pooled desktops or Pooled and personal desktops.

   **Note:** Personal desktops can be generated only from images based on Windows 7.

4. Click Prepare. The Confirm message appears.

5. Click Confirm. The Confirm message and the Prepare Image page close. A status page appears showing the progress. A test desktop is created based on the prepared image and the Test Image page appears.

**To test the prepared desktop image**

Use the test image to verify the prepared draft image is suitable for generating your desktops and that users can connect to their desktops through HDX and RDP. The test image and any changes made to it are deleted when the draft image is saved.
1. On the Test Image page, click Connect. The Connect to the draft image dialog box appears.

![Connect to the draft image dialog box](image)

2. In the Connect to the draft image dialog box, select Use Citrix HDX and click Connect. The Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Log in dialog box appears.

3. Provide user credentials and click Log in to log on to the test image through an HDX connection. The test image opens through an HDX connection.

4. Verify that the installed applications are functioning properly and the required group policies are applied.

5. If your grid is configured with Active Directory, log off and log on as a domain user to test access.

6. Log off from the test image. The test image closes.

7. In the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Log in dialog box, click Cancel to close it.

8. On the Test Image page, click Connect.

9. In the Connect to the draft image dialog box, select Use Microsoft RDP and click Connect. The test image opens through an RDP connection.

10. Log on to the test image to verify the RDP connection works properly and then log off. The test image closes.


12. In the Confirm message, click Confirm. The Confirm message and Test Image page close. A status page appears showing the progress. The Create Desktop Templates from the Base Image page appears.
Create the first template from the published image

Use templates to create uniform virtual desktops. Templates consist of an image and policies:

- The image contains the operating system and applications that run on the desktop. One image can be used by multiple templates.

  You must create and publish at least one image before creating a template.

- Policies are characteristics such as how many desktops to create and how much RAM to allocate. You set policies while you are creating the template.

This topic describes the simplest way to create a template, using the default configuration options, which provide you with a template for pooled desktops. Full details of all the options you can choose from when configuring a template are provided in Manage templates.

1. If the Create Desktop Templates from the Base Image page is not currently displayed in your Web browser, navigate to your new VDI-in-a-Box Manager (https://<IPaddress>/admin/) and log on.

2. In the Create Desktop Templates from the Base Image page, click Continue. The Template Information page of the Create a New Desktop Template wizard appears.
3. In the Template Name box, type a name for the template.

4. From the list of available images, select the image you want to associate with this template.

5. In the Description box, type a description of the template.

6. The desktops created from this template will have names made up of a prefix and a suffix:
   - In the Prefix box, provide a prefix, which can include numbers, letters, and hyphens (-).
   - In the Suffix box, provide a suffix, which must be between one and four numeric characters. Leading zeros are allowed. The combined prefix and suffix can be up to 15 characters.

7. Click Next. The Template Policies page appears.
8. In the Maximum desktops box, type the maximum number of desktops to deploy from this template.

9. In the Pre-started desktops box, type the number of desktops that should be started and available for users upon logon. You must pre-start at least one desktop.

10. Click Save.

11. Click Close. The number of desktops designated for pre-start are started and the Assign Users to Desktops page appears.
Assign templates to users, groups, and IP addresses

When you have created your templates, you can assign them to users, user groups, and IP addresses. Users and groups can have multiple templates assigned to them. When templates are assigned to an IP address, such as for a kiosk, all users logging on at that kiosk receive the same desktop.

If a user has not been assigned a template and logs on, that user receives the default template. If you have not specified a default template, that user's credentials are rejected.

If the Assign Users to Desktops page is not currently displayed in your Web browser, navigate to your VDI-in-a-Box Manager (https://<IPaddress>/admin/) and log on.

To assign templates to user groups

1. On the Assign Users to Desktops page, click Continue. The Users page appears. It contains tables for user groups, users, and IP addresses.

2. At the User Groups table, click Add. A row for a new user group entry appears in the User Group table.

3. In the Group Name box, you can type the name of the group to which you want to assign a template. If Active Directory is used as the user database, type the first characters of the group name and press Enter to select from matching groups.

4. In the Description box, type a group description.

5. Under Templates, click Edit, then click None. A list of available templates appears.

   Note: If you selected Make this the default template on the Template Policies page, Default appears in place of None.

6. Select the templates you want to assign to the group, then click Save. After assigning one or more templates, the template names replace None.

7. Repeat these steps to assign templates to additional groups.
To assign templates to users

1. At the Users table, click Add. A row for a new user entry appears in the Users table.

2. In the User ID box, you can type the user ID of a user to whom you want to assign a template. If Active Directory is used as the user database, type the first characters of the User ID and press Enter to select from matching IDs.

   **Note:** First Name, Last Name, and Group are optional and automatically filled in if the user and full information are in the Active directory.

3. Under Templates, click Edit, then click None. A list of available templates appears.

   **Note:** If you selected Make this the default template on the Template Policies page, Default appears in place of None.

4. Select the templates you want to assign to the user, then click Save. After assigning one or more templates, the template names replace None.

5. Repeat these steps to assign templates to additional users.
To assign templates to incoming IP addresses

1. At the IP Addresses table, click Add. A row for a new IP address entry appears in the IP Addresses table.

2. In the IP Address Ranges box, type the ranges of the user device IP addresses to which you want to assign a template. Addresses can be added as individual addresses (192.168.23.143), prefixes (192.168), or ranges (192.168.10.174-204). Separate entries with new lines or spaces.

3. From the templates list, select the template you want to assign to the IP address.

4. Click Save. The IP address is added to the table.

5. Repeat these steps to assign additional templates to IP addresses.

   **Note:** Once a template is assigned, it cannot be assigned again until the existing assignment is terminated.

To edit template assignments

1. In the VDI-in-a-Box console, select the Users page.

2. Point to the user group, user, or IP address whose template you want to edit and click Edit.

3. Edit as necessary and click Save.
Test the connection as a user

After setting up a template, creating desktops from the template, and assigning them to users, log on to a desktop as a user to ensure the connection works correctly. To do this, you must first install the latest version of Citrix Receiver, if you have not already done so. If you plan to use the Java Desktop Client, you must also install Java SE Runtime Environment (JRE) 6 or 7.

To prepare your user device

Prepare your user device for testing by installing Citrix Receiver to take advantage of the HDX connections.

- If it is not already installed, from https://www.citrix.com, download Citrix Receiver following the directions provided at that web site.

- If you plan to use the Java Desktop Client, ensure you have JRE 6 or 7 installed on the user device. If necessary, obtain the latest version from https://www.java.com, following the directions provided at that web site.

To connect to the desktop

These steps may vary slightly depending on your web browser.

Note that if you use VDI-in-a-Box in Workgroup mode, as opposed to through Active Directory, users have to enter their credentials twice: once to connect to vdiManager and again to log on to Windows.

1. Start your web browser.

2. In the web browser address box, type https://<IPaddress>/ . A security warning about the web site’s certificate may appear.

3. Accept the certificate as trusted and continue.

4. In the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box page, in the Username box, type your user name.

5. In the Password box, type your password and click Log On.

6. Click the desired desktop. You are connected to the virtual desktop.

To connect to the desktop through the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client from a web browser

These steps may vary slightly based on the Web browser you are using.
Test the connection as a user

1. Start your web browser.

2. In the web browser address box, type https://<IPaddress>/dt/vdiclient.jnlp. A security warning about the web site's certificate may appear.

3. Accept the certificate as trusted and continue. Depending on which web browser you are using, the Opening vdiclient.jnlp dialog box appears.

4. If the Opening vdiclient.jnlp dialog box appears, ensure Open with is selected and Java(TM) Web Start Launcher (default) appears from the list next to it, then click OK.

5. In the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Client dialog box, type your user credentials and click Log On. If multiple templates are assigned to the user, the Select a Desktop dialog box appears.

6. Select the desktop you wish to test by clicking Connect. You are connected to the virtual desktop.

To connect to the desktop though the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client from a command prompt

These steps may vary slightly based on the user device you are using.

1. Open the Command Prompt window.

2. Type the command: javaws https://<IPaddress>/dt/vdiclient.jnlp.

3. Press Enter.

4. In the Log on dialog box, in the User name box, type your user name.

5. In the Password box, type your password and click Log On. If multiple templates are assigned to the user, the Select a Desktop dialog box appears.

6. Select the desktop you wish to test by clicking Connect. You are connected to the virtual desktop.
License VDI-in-a-Box

You can manage VDI-in-a-Box licensing through a Citrix license server, or you can manage licensing locally.

**Note:** A paid VDI-in-a-Box license includes an Enterprise level XenServer license. When you upload a VDI-in-a-Box production license to the vdiManager, a XenServer Enterprise license is automatically enabled on the underlying XenServer hypervisor.

**Obtain your license file**

1. When you purchase VDI-in-a-Box you receive an email that contains a license code and a link to My Citrix. Click the link.

2. On the landing page that appears, everything is preconfigured; do not select options from the drop-down lists. Click Continue.

3. On the next page, click Confirm.

4. On the next page, to access the license file, click Download.

**Manage licensing through a Citrix license server**

To connect to the license server:

1. Install a Citrix license server. For details of how to do this, see *Licensing Your Product*. Make a note of the license server's IP address and the License Server Manager port number.

2. In the Admin tab of the vdiManager console click Grid, then Grid Maintenance.

3. In the License Server section, enter the IP address and port number, then click OK.

4. Refresh the page, then click About. The license server address appears in the About VDI-in-a-Box dialog box:
For more details of managing licensing through a Citrix license server, see Licensing Your Product.

Manage licensing locally

To upload a license file:

1. In the Admin tab of the vdiManager console click Grid Maintenance, then click OK.
2. Click Grid and License Upgrade.
3. Click Choose File.
4. Navigate to the license file and click Open.

5. Click Submit.

6. After you have uploaded the license, refresh the page, then click About. The license details appear in the About VDI-in-a-Box dialog box:

The following table shows the results of upgrading from a VDI-in-a-Box evaluation license to a Citrix permanent license:
License VDI-in-a-Box

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Existing license</th>
<th>New license uploaded</th>
<th>What happens</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VDI-in-a-Box evaluation license (30 day, 10 concurrent users)</td>
<td>Citrix permanent license</td>
<td>Citrix permanent license immediately replaces VDI-in-a-Box evaluation license</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDI-in-a-Box evaluation license (30 day, 10 concurrent users)</td>
<td>Citrix non-permanent license with 10 or more concurrent users</td>
<td>Citrix non-permanent license immediately replaces VDI-in-a-Box evaluation license</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDI-in-a-Box evaluation license (30 day, 10 concurrent users)</td>
<td>Citrix non-permanent license with less than 10 concurrent users</td>
<td>VDI-in-a-Box evaluation license stays until it expires. Citrix non-permanent license takes effect afterward</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following table shows the results of upgrading from a Citrix permanent license to another Citrix license:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Existing license</th>
<th>New license uploaded</th>
<th>What happens</th>
<th>Expiration displayed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Citrix permanent license with <code>&lt;number&gt;</code> of concurrent users</td>
<td>Citrix permanent license with <code>&lt;number&gt;</code> or more concurrent users</td>
<td>Both licenses take effect with the concurrent users added together</td>
<td>Permanent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrix permanent license with <code>&lt;number&gt;</code> of concurrent users</td>
<td>Citrix permanent license with less than <code>&lt;number&gt;</code> concurrent users</td>
<td>Both licenses take effect with the concurrent users added together</td>
<td>Permanent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrix permanent license with <code>&lt;number&gt;</code> of concurrent users</td>
<td>Citrix non-permanent license with <code>&lt;number&gt;</code> or more concurrent users</td>
<td>Both licenses take effect with the concurrent users added together until the non-permanent license expires</td>
<td>Permanent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrix permanent license with <code>&lt;number&gt;</code> of concurrent users</td>
<td>Citrix non-permanent license with less than <code>&lt;number&gt;</code> concurrent users</td>
<td>Both licenses take effect with the concurrent users added together until the non-permanent license expires</td>
<td>Permanent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Manage VDI-in-a-Box

This section contains information about configuring and managing VDI-in-a-Box.

- Manage images
- Manage templates
- Manage desktops and user sessions
- Configure generic user accounts
- Configure VDI-in-a-Box kiosks
- Manage a grid
- Prepare for Active Directory failover
- Generate desktops from a pool of MAC addresses
- Update the server configuration for credential changes
- Store data in more than one data store
- Configure separate user and computer domains
- Log on to the VDI-in-a-Box appliance
Manage images

To create a new draft image, copy a published image. To update an image, edit a published image. Whether you copy or edit an image, the result is a draft image, a working desktop that you prepare and save as a published image.

You can also export a copy of a published image to use as a XenDesktop master image for creating desktop catalogs, or to use when transferring an image between different VDI-in-a-Box deployments. The VM created has the VDI-in-a-Box desktop agent removed but retains any applications and settings.

Note: For details of how to move your VDI-in-a-Box deployment to XenDesktop, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX136081.

To create a new draft image from a published one

Use this procedure to copy an image to create a new image with different settings or applications.

1. From the VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdManager) console, click the Images tab.

2. In the row of the image you want to copy, click Copy.

3. In the Copy to new image dialog box, type a name and description for the new image and then click OK.

4. When the Images page shows the status for the new image as “Running,” click Edit and then follow the instructions in the Edit image wizard. For help with the wizard, refer to the eDocs topic VDI-in-a-Box > Getting Started with VDI-in-a-Box > Creating the First Windows Image for your hypervisor.

To update an image

Use this procedure to apply changes such as software updates to a published image.
1. From the vdiManager console, click the Images tab.

2. In the row of the image you want to update, click the Edit link for the image and then click Confirm. A draft image, based on the image you want to update, is created.

3. When the Images page shows the status for the draft image as “Running,” click Edit and then follow the instructions in the Edit image wizard.

4. From the Edit Image wizard, connect to the image to add any necessary updates, settings, or patches as well as any applications to be included in the deployed image.

5. Log off from the draft image and follow the instructions in the wizard. For help with the wizard, refer to the eDocs topic VDI-in-a-Box > Getting Started with VDI-in-a-Box > Creating the First Windows Image for your hypervisor. After you save the new draft image, it becomes the new version of the published image and the previous version of the image is deactivated. The image changes are propagated to the desktops based on the associated template refresh policies.

To fix an image

Use this procedure if vdiManager reports that an image stored on one or more servers in a multi-server grid is not the same on all servers. In that case, the image status changes to “broken” and desktops are not generated from it until the image is fixed.

1. In the vdiManager console, click the Images tab.

2. In the Status column, click the Published link and then under the Fix column, click the icon.

3. Click Confirm.

To export an image

Use this procedure to export a published image for use as a XenDesktop master image or to transfer an image between different VDI-in-a-Box deployments.

1. In the vdiManager console, click the Images tab.

2. Click the name of the image you want to export. The Image Properties dialog box appears.

3. Click Export. The Export Image dialog box appears.

4. Select the data store on which you want to store the image, enter a name for the exported VM, then click Export.

   **Note:** Characters in the exported VM name can be only letters, numbers, underscores, hyphens, periods, and spaces.

   You are notified that the image has been queued for export.

5. The new VM that is being created appears on the Images page. To monitor progress details, click View. When you are exporting an image, errors may occur during the
process. To ensure you are aware of these, in the Recent Tasks and Events panel, click on the relevant export task to display its status history. When the export is complete, the progress box closes and a message appears confirming that the export has been successful.

6. Log on to the new VM and check the Add/Remove programs list to make sure all Citrix components have been removed. If they have not, manually remove them before using the exported image.
Install the Desktop Agent manually

The VDI-in-a-Box Desktop Agent resides on each desktop created from the image. vdiManager communicates with the desktop through the agent. The Desktop Agent is automatically installed when the draft image is being imported into the VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager). The Desktop Agent on existing images is automatically updated when they are migrated from one version of VDI-in-a-Box to another.

If the automatic installation fails, you can manually install the Desktop Agent. When you are importing an image you can also choose to manually install the Desktop Agent.

To manually install the Desktop Agent on a draft image

These steps may vary slightly depending on your Web browser.


2. Click Copy to clipboard, copy the resultant URL to download the Desktop Agent, and click OK. The URL should be in this format: https://vdimanager_ip_address/dt/dtagent
3. Click Connect. The logon screen of the image appears.

4. Log on to the desktop, start a Web browser, and paste the URL copied in Step 2 into the Web browser URL box and press Enter. A security warning about the Web site's certificate may appear.

5. Accept the certificate as trusted and continue. The Install the Desktop Agent page appears.

6. Verify the information listed in Step 1 of the Install the Desktop Agent page.

7. Click Install. The File Download - Security Warning dialog box appears.

8. Accept any security warnings that may appear. The Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Desktop Agent Setup wizard, which installs the agent, appears.

9. Click Install.

   **Important:** During the installation process, the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Desktop Agent Installation and Configuration dialog box appears. The messages in this dialog box may pause, indicating success or failure of individual steps in the installation process. Do not click any buttons in this dialog box or interrupt the installation. When the process is complete the dialog box closes.

   The image automatically restarts following the successful Desktop Agent installation.
Manage templates

This topic provides guidance about the options you can choose from when configuring a template. The options are listed in the order in which they appear on your screen.

To edit a template, click the Templates tab, click the name of the template you want to edit, make your changes, then click Save.

Computer names: prefixes and suffixes

Establish naming patterns for all desktops generated by your template by setting computer names with prefixes and suffixes.

The prefix and suffix can combine to be up to 15 characters long. The suffix must be at least one numeric character and can be up to four numeric characters.

Use leading zeros in the suffix to hold places for up to four digits. The number generated by the suffix increases with each virtual desktop. For example, if you set the computer prefix to ‘Sales’ and the suffix as 0000 and generate two virtual desktops, they will be called Sales0000 and Sales0001. If leading zeros are not included in the suffix, they will not be included in the resulting names. For example, a suffix value of 1 would produce Sales1, Sales2, Sales3, and so on.

Memory

Citrix recommends allocating at least 1536 MB of memory for Windows 8, Windows 7, Windows Server 2012, and Windows Server 2008 R2 desktops. For Windows XP desktops, a minimum of 512 MB of memory is required and 1 GB of memory is recommended.

Resetting the activation time for KMS clients

If your published image has a Key Management Service (KMS) activation key, Citrix recommends selecting Reset the activation timer (KMS clients).

If you are using Key Management Service (KMS)-based activation for your desktops, there must always be 25 desktops with unique Client Machine IDs (CMID) requesting activation from the KMS server. The KMS server will not activate any desktop if there are fewer than 25 desktops with unique CMIDs. To ensure that your desktops have unique CMIDs, select Reset the activation timer (KMS clients).

Maximum desktops

Specify the maximum number of desktops that can be deployed from the template. This number represents the total of the number of desktops to which users can be connected at any one time, including the number of pre-started desktops ready for use.
Pre-started desktops

Pre-started desktops are in a powered-on state and ready for use as soon as the user logs on. When you specify a number of desktops for pre-start, VDI-in-a-Box maintains that number as users log on. For example, if you specify five pre-started desktops in the template, there will always be five virtual desktops started and waiting for your users. When two users log on to their desktops, VDI-in-a-Box starts two more desktops to maintain the requested five pre-starts. This continues until your stated maximum number of desktops for the template is reached.

You must pre-start at least one desktop or users will not be able to access the template.

For testing purposes, Citrix recommends setting a maximum of two desktops with one pre-started desktop.

Pooled desktops

If you select to create a template for pooled desktops, the following options are available:

- Refresh desktop

  The refresh method determines when users' desktops are replaced with a fresh desktop matching the template:

  - On logout: Refreshes the desktop each time the user logs off. This does not apply to administrators; for debugging reasons, administrators are allowed to log on and off without triggering desktop lifecycle events.

  - Scheduled: Refreshes at a set day and time on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis. You can include desktops in use at the scheduled time. If you exclude in-use desktops, they are replaced when the user logs off following the scheduled refresh.

  This is a useful option in situations where a site has multiple shifts (classrooms, helpdesk and support setup, for example): if you provision sufficient additional desktops to handle the period of transition between the two groups of users, you can avoid the potential boot storm caused by the current shift logging off.

  - Scheduled or on logout: Refreshes at a set day and time and each time the user logs off. This is useful in environments where users stay logged on to desktops for extended periods.

  - Manual: Refreshes only through your action. This setting results in a persistent or static desktop, one which remains with the user indefinitely. Users can add applications and other modifications with the expectation that they will be available with each log on. This type of desktop has some limitations:

    - Users are not able to take advantage of any base image update without destroying and recreating the desktop.

    - A static desktop is attached to a particular server and cannot be moved to a different server, so if the server is down, the user has no access to the desktop.
A static desktop cannot be refreshed at the template level through a Refresh action: unlike the other desktops provisioned from the template, it has to be refreshed individually.

Because of these limitations, Citrix recommends using personal desktops instead of manually refreshed pooled desktops.

Do not reassign desktops ‘On hold’ to new users

You can allow users to hold desktops so that when they log off the desktop cannot be reassigned to anyone else. When this happens, the desktop appears as On Hold in the Session tab, and when the user connects again, he will log on to the same desktop; the desktop then becomes active again.

This applies to pooled desktops with the scheduled or manual refresh policy.

Enable fast refresh of desktops

By default, the refresh process is completed as quickly as possible when users log off. Citrix recommends disabling this option only for troubleshooting purposes if you experience issues with desktop refresh.

Delete computer name from AD on desktop destroy

You can select whether or not to delete the computer name from Active Directory when the desktop is destroyed as part of the refresh process. Citrix recommends that you leave this check box selected (the default).

You may want to clear the check box in certain situations. For example, if your Active Directory setup has multiple domain controllers that synchronize slowly with each other, you may find that the computer name and associated password are deleted from one domain controller, then a new desktop with the same computer name but different password is created on a second domain controller. When the two controllers synchronize with each other, the newly created desktop’s information is deleted from the second controller.

Personal desktops

If you select to create a template for personal desktops, the following option is available:

Personal disk size. Ensure that you specify sufficient space to host any user-installed applications, and, if you are not using Profile management, sufficient space for the user settings. The valid range is between 4 and 60 GB.

If you change the size of the personal disk after creating a template, note that the change applies only to personal desktops created after the change has been made, not to existing desktops. For information on changing the personal disk size for existing desktops, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX136156.
Make this the default template

Select this option to make this template the default template for the grid. This overrides any existing default template.

If a user has not been specifically assigned a template, when they log on they will be allocated a desktop based on this template. If no default template for the grid has been specified, they will not be able to log on.
Manage desktops and user sessions

To refresh pooled desktops

Pooled desktops refresh according to the refresh policy configured for the template. Force a refresh as follows.

1. From the VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) console, from the Desktops tab, click Summary.

2. In the Refresh column, click the link for the template entry.

The Confirm dialog box appears, identifying the refresh policy.

3. Click Confirm to immediately refresh those desktops currently in use or click Cancel to refresh the desktops according to their established refresh policies.
To refresh personal desktops

The users’ personal disks are attached to refreshed published desktops. The next time the users log on, their personal desktops are updated with administrative changes while retaining their user-installed applications.

1. From the vdiManager console, from the Desktops tab, click Summary.

2. In the Refresh column, click the link for the template entry.

The Confirm dialog box appears.

3. Choose whether to immediately refresh those desktops currently in use or to wait until the users log off, and then click Confirm.
To log off, restart, shut down, repair, or destroy a desktop

1. From the vdiManager console, from the Desktops tab, click User Sessions.

2. Click Actions for the user entry you want to act upon.

The Actions menu appears.

3. Select the action you want to take and then click Confirm. The menu omits Restart and Shut Down if the desktop refresh policy is set to “On log out.”
To destroy a broken desktop

A desktop in an unknown state has the status Broken and is not available to users. Causes for broken desktops:

- Typically, broken desktops are unable to start Windows due to a missing or incorrect startup configuration, such as an incorrect product key or domain credentials. Use a console client to see if the broken desktop is waiting on user input.
- The server is too heavily loaded to start new desktops.
- The disk space on the data store is full.
- There are no available MAC addresses.
- The template image no longer exists.

Before destroying a broken desktop, determine the problem, repair the desktop, and then test the desktop to ensure that working desktops replace the broken ones.

1. From the vdiManager console, from the Desktops tab, click Summary. Alternatively, click the Servers tab and then click Desktops.

2. Click the number link in the Broken column and then click Destroy.

3. Click Confirm.
To configure session parameters

The following parameters are advanced properties that apply to the grid.

User Session parameters:

- Desktop session default width and Desktop session default height. Use these settings to establish the default dimensions of the desktop window. Use the default value (0) to open desktops in full-screen display. These parameters do not apply to connections made with Citrix Receiver.

- Require users to re-enter password on Windows logon screen. Establish whether users must enter a password to log on to a desktop. By default, this setting is not enabled.

- Retain user credentials in the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client. Use this setting to determine whether users' credentials are saved in the Java Desktop Client. By default, this setting is not enabled, causing the user's credentials to be cleared after logon.

- Log off idle user session from the web console. Set the amount of time user sessions can be idle before the sessions are automatically ended. The default setting is five minutes.

- Users can restart “active” or “on hold” desktops assigned to them. Establish whether users can restart active or on hold desktops. This setting is enabled by default.

Miscellaneous parameters related to user sessions:

- Max server load (90%). Set the maximum load assignable to a server. If server failure causes desktop load to be shifted, the remaining servers on the grid will not take on a load beyond this setting, avoiding overloading. The default setting is 90% of a server's capacity.

- Max server capacity starting desktops (%). Set the maximum capacity of desktops that each server will start at one time. If the creation of a new desktop will cause the number of starting desktops to exceed this percentage of the difference between the current load and 100%, the system will delay startup of the new desktop. This addresses performance problems due to starting too many desktops at one time. The default setting is 0 which disables the restriction on how many desktops can be started at one time.

- Max number of starting personal desktops. Set the maximum number of personal desktops each server will start at one time. If the creation of a new desktop will cause the number of starting desktops to exceed this number, the system will delay startup of the new desktop. This addresses performance problems due to reintegrating too many personal disks with their base images at one time.

- Enable generic user. Establish whether users can log on to desktops with a common user name. For more information, refer to Configure generic user accounts. By default, this setting is not enabled.

- Specify alternate domain or workgroup for desktops. This setting determines whether additional images are prepared for alternative domains or no domain at all. By default,
To configure session parameters

this setting is disabled, resulting in computers being automatically prepared and placed in the configured user database domain or the workgroup named WORKGROUP if there is no user database domain configured.

- Show sysprep option on prepare dialog. This determines whether to offer Microsoft’s System Preparation Utility (sysprep) as an alternative to the VDI-in-a-Box preparation tool. The VDI-in-a-Box preparation tool is required to prepare an image for use with a personal vDisk. By default, this setting is disabled. If enabled, a check box to select sysprep appears on the Prepare Image page of the Import new VM wizard.

1. From the vdiManager console, from the Admin tab, click Advanced Properties and then scroll to the User Session or Miscellaneous section.

2. Set the parameters as needed and click OK.
Manage personal desktops

The personal desktop feature retains the single image management of pooled desktops while allowing users to install applications, change their desktop settings, and store data.

**Important:** Personal desktops are only available for published images running Windows 7 (32-bit and 64-bit editions).

Unlike pooled desktops, where users lose their customization and personal applications when the desktop refreshes, personal desktops retain those changes. This means administrators can centrally manage their base images while providing users with a customizable desktop experience.

Personal desktops allow this flexibility because they are composed of two separate virtual hard disks: a personal vDisk and the published image. Any changes made by users, such as changing their profiles or installing applications, are saved to the personal vDisk. The content of the personal vDisk is blended at runtime with the content from the published image to provide a unified experience. The two virtual disks are visible on the personal desktop through Windows Explorer and other applications.
Updates to the published image are not received by the personal desktop until the user logs off. At that point, the image refreshes without modifying the personal vDisk. When the user next logs on, the refreshed desktop appears with the revised image and the user's customized settings and applications.

Citrix recommends storing profile data on a network-attached storage (NAS) server along with the use of a profile management application such as Citrix Profile management, included with VDI-in-a-Box. If you use Profile management, Citrix recommends disabling Profile Redirection in the personal desktops. As a result, profile data is saved to Profile management only, bypassing the personal vDisk and eliminating the backup copy. To create a backup, see Back up and restore personal desktops. To disable profile redirection, see
Provisioning personal desktops

VDI-in-a-Box provisions personal desktops by always prestarting them based on template configurations:

1. A linked clone is created for the new desktop based on the image specified by the template.

2. An empty personal vDisk is created. It is then linked to the underlying linked clone using the inventory process, which involves creating an inventory for the image and synchronizing it with the personal vDisk.

3. The personal desktop is created. It consists of three layers: the image, the linked clone, and the personal vDisk.

4. The personal desktop is prepared and started.

When a user tries to connect to the personal desktop, VDI-in-a-Box passes an ICA handle to the user's device and the user can then log on.

To create personal desktops

1. Create a Windows 7 image as described in the Get Started section, making sure that you select Pooled and personal desktops when you are preparing the image.

   Important: Citrix recommends disabling automatic Windows updates in the published images. Updating images centrally ensures consistency and permanence across your environment.

2. Create a template as described in the Get Started section, making sure that you select Personal desktop on the Policies page. When you specify the personal disk size, ensure that you specify sufficient space to host any user-installed applications, and, if you are not using Profile management, sufficient space for the user settings. The valid range is between 4 and 60 GB.

   You can edit the template and change the size of the personal disk after creating a template, but note that the change applies only to personal desktops created after the change has been made, not to existing desktops. For information on changing the personal disk size for existing desktops, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX136156.

Using shared storage for personal desktops

You can use a shared storage data store to provide high availability for personal vDisks. For information on how to configure VDI-in-a-Box and your hypervisor to use shared storage, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX136080.

Note: VDI-in-a-Box cannot make use of shared storage when running on XenServer or Windows Server 2008-based hypervisors. You must be using ESXi, vSphere, or Hyper-V 2012 hypervisors.
Manage personal desktops
Back up and restore personal desktops

Protect your users’ profiles and applications by backing up their personal desktops. The restored backup is attached to a fresh desktop generated from the published image to form a new personal desktop.

To prepare to back up personal desktops

The following steps apply when using XenServer, Hyper-V, or ESXi.

1. Obtain the personal disk name of the personal desktop you are backing up: From the Desktops tab, on the User Sessions page, in the row containing the personal desktop, click the VM Name, make note of the personal disk name and click Close.

2. Shut down the personal desktop: From the Desktops tab, on the User Sessions page, in the row containing the personal desktop, click Actions and then click Shutdown.

To back up personal desktops when using XenServer

Use Citrix XenCenter for the following steps.
Back up and restore personal desktops

1. Export the personal desktop to another location accessible to XenServer.
2. Import the exported OVF or XVA file to another server on your VDI-in-a-Box grid.
3. Detach the personal disk from the published image, and then delete the published image. The personal disk is stored, unattached to an image, and available when needed.

To back up personal desktops when using Hyper-V

Perform the following tasks on the Windows-based device used for Hyper-V management.

1. Map to Drive C of the Hyper-V server hosting the personal desktop being backed up.
2. Map to Drive C of the Hyper-V server on which the personal desktop would be restored.
3. From the data store containing the personal disk images, copy the personal disk to the server on which it would be restored.

Note: By default, personal disks are stored in C:\ProgramData\Citrix\VIAB\PVD.

To back up personal desktops when using ESXi

Use VMware vSphere for the following steps.

1. Connect separate instances of vSphere to the server hosting the personal desktop being backed up and the server on which the backup will be stored.
2. From the server hosting the personal desktop, from the PVD folder, download the personal disk. Two separate files, <PersonalDiskName>.vmdk and <PersonalDiskName>-flat.vmdk, are downloaded.
3. From the server that will store the backup, upload both files to the PVD folder.

To restore personal desktops

The following steps apply when using XenServer, Hyper-V, or ESXi.

1. From the vdiManager console, from the Desktops tab, select the User Sessions page.
2. In the row for the damaged desktop, click Actions and then click Repair. The data stores are searched for a matching copy of the selected personal desktop. If found, a confirmation message appears stating that you are about to repair a personal desktop by destroying the damaged copy and replacing it with the found copy.
3. Click Confirm. VDI-in-a-Box restores the backed up copy on the server on which it was stored.
Generate desktops from a pool of MAC addresses

Generate desktops with a specified range of Media Access Control (MAC) addresses if your Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) policies assign IP addresses to MAC addresses or assign free IP addresses only to MAC addresses from a known range. The MAC address pool applies to all desktops, draft images, and test images generated throughout the VDI-in-a-Box grid.

Pre-requisites:

- Verify there are enough MAC addresses in the pool to handle all the desktops and draft images that are planned in the grid.

- Verify that external systems, such as DHCP, that the MAC address pool is intended to serve can handle all of the MAC addresses in the pool. The pool assigns addresses to desktops randomly.

Note: VDI-in-a-Box does not verify that an assigned MAC address is unique in a network, except within the desktops in the grid. If a server leaves a grid that has MAC addresses assigned to desktops, the original grid does not track that the MAC addresses are assigned to desktops and so can reassign them.

1. From the VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) console, from the Admin page, click Advanced Properties.

2. Scroll to the MAC Address Pool section and provide the starting address and range length. The MAC address range must be in the following format: 00:50:56:[0-3]x:xx:xx.
Generate desktops from a pool of MAC addresses
Configure generic user accounts

VDI-in-a-Box supports generic user accounts, such as guest accounts, for Active Directory and Microsoft Workgroup authentication. You can use generic user accounts in settings such as classrooms where multiple users can share a common account to log on to desktops. While generic user accounts are similar in concept to kiosks, you can assign multiple templates to a generic user account.

Generic user accounts are enabled at the grid level. Enabling generic user accounts changes the following vdiManager operations:

- By default, vdiManager destroys a desktop when the logged on user does not match the user assignment for the desktop. With generic user accounts enabled, vdiManager overrides that security feature and does not destroy such desktops.

- By default, vdiManager enables users to reconnect to the same desktop session from a different user device after disconnecting from (but staying logged on to) the first device. This is not the case when generic user accounts is enabled. When a generic user disconnects from a session and then logs on to a different user device, the generic user receives a new desktop and vdiManager logs out the disconnected session. If the refresh policy is “On logout” the desktop will be destroyed. If the refresh policy is “manual” the same desktop is issued to the next user who logs on from the same user device.
To configure generic user accounts

1. Configure the grid: From the vdiManager, from the Admin tab, click Advanced Properties.

2. Scroll to the Miscellaneous section and select the Enable generic user check box.

3. Create the desktop images and templates for the generic accounts by following the VDI-in-a-Box image and template creation procedures. Be sure to install the necessary Windows authentication software components on the image.

4. Add the generic user accounts:
   a. Click the Users tab and then, at the User Groups table, click Add.
   b. Type the User ID for the generic account.
   c. In the Templates column, click Edit and None and then select one or more templates to use for the account.
   d. Click Close and then click Save.

5. Test the configuration: Log on to vdiManager with a generic user account.
Configure VDI-in-a-Box kiosks

The VDI-in-a-Box kiosk feature allows you to convert user devices into a kiosk system that
you deploy wherever you need standard desktops, such as in conference rooms, school labs,
or nurses’ stations at hospitals. You deploy a VDI-in-a-Box kiosk to IP address ranges as a
user device location rather than to a user or group name.

Like any VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktop, a kiosk is based on a template. To establish
connectivity between a desktop and user device, assign a template to the IP address of the
user device.

You can set up a user device so that a user connects to the desktop through Citrix Receiver
(recommended), a web browser, or the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client.

**Note:** In a conflict between kiosk and user settings, the kiosk settings take priority.

### Limitations

You cannot access VDI-in-a-Box kiosks through StoreFront.

There must be no HTTP proxy (for example Access Gateway Enterprise Edition) between the
user device and vdiManager when kiosk mode is used.

### Planning a kiosk deployment

Plan the number of templates needed for the kiosks, based on:

- Whether the kiosks can use the same desktop policy or need different ones.

- The IP addresses of the user devices. You assign a template to an IP address or a range
  of IP addresses.

Example: You are deploying VDI-in-a-Box kiosks for the existing computers in the
Engineering and Art labs of a school district. Define a template for each lab, assigning
the IP address range of the computers in the Engineering lab to the Engineering kiosk
template and the IP address range of the computers in the Art lab to the Art kiosk
template. This setup ensures that a student logging in from either lab will receive the
appropriate desktop.
Best practices and policy guidelines

- Maintain separate templates for use in kiosk deployments. By using kiosk-specific templates only for kiosk device assignments and not for individual user or group assignments, you can manage and monitor the kiosk sessions efficiently.

- Consider implementing daily refresh policies.

- For kiosks in public areas and conference rooms:
  - Set the refresh policy to On logout to ensure that each new user gets a fresh desktop.
  - Since it takes time to generate new desktops, prepare the image using the Fast desktop refresh option to allow quick provisioning of the desktops when users log out.
  - To keep a reasonable number of desktops in a pre-started or new state, adjust the Maximum desktops policy count to exceed the number of user devices.
  - If the load is heavy and desktop re-generation on each use is too resource intensive, use the Scheduled refresh method to ensure that the desktops are refreshed every night. In this case, the maximum number of desktops does not need to exceed the number of kiosks.

**Note:** If a user disconnects from a kiosk-assigned desktop, they are automatically logged off after two minutes and cannot reconnect to the same desktop.

- Determine how many desktops to pre-start. Pre-started desktops are in a powered-on state and at the logon prompt, ready for use. Pre-starting desktops eliminates the need for users to wait for virtual desktops to start. When you specify a number of desktops for pre-start, VDI-in-a-Box maintains that number as users log on. For example, if you specify five pre-started desktops in the template, five virtual desktops are started and available for your users. When two users log on to their desktops, VDI-in-a-Box starts two more desktops to maintain the requested five prestarts. This continues until your stated maximum number for the template is reached.

- Observe caution if you change desktop template assignments for kiosks. The reassignment delivers new desktops to the user device while retaining the old desktops in VDI-in-a-Box. Identify these orphaned kiosk sessions and remove them through the VDI-in-a-Box console Desktops > User Sessions tab.
Configure user devices as kiosks

To configure user devices as kiosks, follow these general steps:

1. Assign a template to each user device IP address or range of addresses.
2. Set up each user device to operate as a kiosk.
3. Verify the kiosk connection.

To assign a user device to a template

1. In the vdiManager console, click the Users tab.
2. At the IP Addresses table, click Add.
3. In the IP Address Ranges box, type the user device IP addresses to assign to a template. You can specify individual addresses (192.168.23.143), prefixes (192.168), or ranges (192.168.10.174-204). Separate entries with new lines or spaces. You can also use an asterisk (*) to represent all IP addresses, such as 172.*.
4. Select a template to assign to an IP address or range. You can assign only one template to a user device.

The following table shows sample IP address assignments for the Engineering and Art labs, a break room, and a library at a school district.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IP address ranges</th>
<th>Template name</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>192.168.1.30-50</td>
<td>Engineering Lab</td>
<td>A separate template is required for the two labs, to accommodate the two IP address ranges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>192.168.1.1-20</td>
<td>Art Lab</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>192.168.2.11</td>
<td>Break Room</td>
<td>The user device in the Break Room requires its own template. If that device had an IP address starting with 192.168.3, the Library template could be used for it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>192.168.3</td>
<td>Library</td>
<td>All user devices with IP addresses starting with 192.168.3 and 192.168.4 use the Library template.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>192.168.4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To set up a user device for kiosk operation

The supported connection methods for kiosk operation are the same as for non-kiosk desktops: Citrix Receiver (recommended), a web browser, and the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client. For configuration details, refer to the eDocs topics for your user devices in Access VDI-in-a-Box from user devices.
If you use the Java Desktop Client, consider including it in the end device start-up script so that the client launches when the user device restarts. Alternatively, create a shortcut to the client: Open a command window on the user device, enter `javaws -viewer`, right-click the Java Desktop Client entry, and choose Install Shortcuts. If you have multiple vdiManagers consider creating a shortcut to each one so that a user has options if a VDI-in-a-Box appliance is offline.

**Launching the Java Desktop Client with a common user name and password**

To pass a default user name (such as “guest”) and password so that the user can connect directly to the desktop without entering credentials, use the command:

```
javaws https://IPaddress/dt/vdiclient.jnlp?username=kioskuser&password=kioskpassword
```

**To verify the kiosk connection**

In VDI-in-a-Box console, go to the Desktops > User Sessions tab. The User ID and client IP address entries start with an asterisk (*) so you can easily search for and sort kiosk entries.
Manage a grid

To add a server to a grid

1. Import and power on the vdiManager appliance.

2. Note the IP address of the vdiManager and then use a web browser to log on to the vdiManager console (https://IPaddress/admin).

3. Follow the directions in the VDI-in-a-Box Initial Set up wizard to configure the hypervisor and join it to the grid, as described in Get started with VDI-in-a-Box. Desktops from other servers are not migrated to the new server. Desktops are created on the new server as needed to satisfy policy requirements.

To remove a server from a grid

When you remove a server from the grid, it becomes the only server in a new grid. It is no longer connected to the rest of the servers in the old grid and does not share its load.

1. Deactivate the server to remove all desktops running on it: From the Servers tab, click the server, and then click Deactivate.
2. Click Confirm.

3. After the server status changes to deactivated, click the Servers tab, click the server, and then click Leave Grid.

To upgrade the grid software or license

1. Put the grid in maintenance mode: from the Admin tab, click Grid Maintenance, then click OK.

2. On the Admin page, click Grid and License Upgrade. The Grid and License Upgrade dialog box appears.

3. Click Choose File, navigate to the upgrade or license file, and click Open.

4. Click Submit. When the upgrade completes, the server status changes to Success.

5. When prompted, log on to vdiManager.

6. Take the grid out of maintenance mode: from the Admin tab, click Grid Maintenance, then click OK.
To prepare servers for maintenance

1. Let your users know when maintenance is to occur and by when they must log out.

2. Citrix recommends backing up any personal desktops. (See Back up and restore personal desktops.)

3. Put the grid in maintenance mode: from the Admin tab, click Grid Maintenance and then click OK.

4. After all users log off and personal desktop backups are complete, deactivate all servers in the grid: from the Servers tab, click the server, click Deactivate, and then click Confirm. Deactivating a server deletes all desktops, including those in use, and immediately shuts down the server so that it no longer provisions desktops. Only the personal desktops remain, with a status of "On Hold."

5. Use the hypervisor console to power off the personal desktop virtual machines. To identify those desktop sessions, go to Desktops > User Sessions and look for "On Hold" entries in the Status column.

6. Shut down the vdiManager virtual machines: from the Servers tab, click the server, then click Shutdown. The servers are now ready for maintenance performed from the hypervisor.

To resume operations after maintenance

1. Use the hypervisor console to power on all vdiManager virtual machines.

2. When all vdiManagers are running, log on to the vdiManager console and take the grid out of maintenance mode: from the Admin tab, click Grid Maintenance, then click OK. On the Servers tab, the Recent Tasks and Events section should display the message "Server checks out fine" for each server.

3. Activate each server: from the Servers tab, click the server, then click Activate.

To assign a static address to vdiManager

Prerequisite:

- A static IP address that is not already assigned.

1. Put the grid in maintenance mode: from the Admin tab, click Grid Maintenance, then click OK.

2. Deactivate the server so that it is not running any desktops: from the Servers tab, click the server, click Deactivate, then click Confirm.

3. Shut down any draft or test desktops on the server: from the Desktops tab, on the User Sessions page, in the row for each desktop, click Actions, Shutdown, then Confirm.

4. From the Servers tab, click the server name, then click Modify.
5. In the VDI-in-a-Box Manager Network Settings dialog box, click Static IP configuration, enter the static IP address, then click OK. The Notification dialog box appears indicating that the change to the network configuration was successful and that the vdiManager has been restarted.

6. Click Close.

7. Take the grid out of maintenance mode: from the Admin tab, click Grid Maintenance, click OK.

To provide high availability with a grid-wide virtual IP address

Rather than having user devices access virtual desktops through the IP address of specific servers on the grid, you can assign a single virtual IP address to the entire grid. Access requests made to this address are sent to the primary server in the grid. If that server is unavailable, the virtual IP address is assumed by another server in the grid.

The grid-wide IP address must be a static IP address selected from the same subnet pool used for the other servers in the grid.

1. From the Admin tab, click Advanced Properties.

2. Scroll to the Grid section and in the Grid IP address box, type the static IP address you are assigning to the grid and click OK.
To reset vdiManager to factory settings

Resetting vdiManager to factory settings is irreversible. It deletes all the desktops, templates, images, and environment information from the grid and deletes the base image files physically stored on the data store of the hypervisor.

1. Verify that you are logged into the vdiManager console for the server you plan to reset.
2. Remove the server from the grid. Resetting a server to factory settings is not allowed on a server in a grid.
3. From the Admin tab, click Reset Server. After the reset is complete, you are logged off from the vdiManager console. The next time you log on, the Welcome to VDI-in-a-Box page appears. For information about setting up vdiManager, refer to Get started with VDI-in-a-Box.

To remove vdiManager from a server

1. If the server is part of a grid, remove it from the grid.
2. Reset vdiManager to factory settings.
3. From the hypervisor console, shut down the vdiManager virtual machine and remove it from the host. See the hypervisor manufacturer's documentation for details.

To synchronize date and time for the servers in the grid

You can synchronize the clocks of the vdiManagers in your grid by connecting to a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server. A result of using NTP is consistency of log time stamps.

1. From the Admin tab, click Advanced Properties.
2. Scroll to the Grid section and in the NTP server box, type the IP address of the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server and click OK. Within an hour, the clocks on all servers on the grid are synchronized. The NTP server and the servers on the grid then synchronize hourly.
3. Configure NTP on your hypervisor, using the same NTP server as in Step 2. For details, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX134279.
To set the date and time for grid communication and transfer protocols

The grid time is necessary for grid communication, such as refresh schedules. By default, the grid time is the time on the first server in the grid. Grid time is not tied to a clock and can be set to what you choose. Grid time is synchronized across all the servers in the grid every 24 hours.

**Note:** If the use of an NTP server is enabled, the Grid Time may be changed as NTP synchronization occurs. While this inaccuracy will self-correct when the Grid Time synchronizes, Citrix recommends checking and, if necessary, resetting Grid Time immediately after enabling NTP and again an hour later.

1. From the Admin tab, click Grid Time. The Set Grid Time dialog box appears.

   ![Set Grid Time dialog box](image)

2. Accept the current date and time or click in the New Date and Time box and, from the calendar that appears, select a new date.

   **Note:** Be sure to follow the *mmm dd, yyyy hh:mm:ss [AM|PM]* format.

3. If you selected a new date, edit the time to reflect the current time.

4. Click Save.
Prepare for Active Directory failover

Use Active Directory failover to ensure your grid continues to fully function, even if the primary server fails.

VDI-in-a-Box begins using the first Active Directory server you listed. If that server fails, VDI-in-a-Box moves to the next Active Directory server in the list. This process is repeated, as necessary, with each Active Directory server in your list. Periodic checks of the primary server are made and, if it has recovered, VDI-in-a-Box activity automatically resumes on it.

**Important:** To ensure uninterrupted desktop provisioning, each Active Directory server in the list should contain identical data and be synchronized. VDI-in-a-Box does not provide a mechanism to ensure synchronized operations among the Active Directory servers.
To prepare for Active Directory failover

1. From the VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) console, from the Users page, click Configure.

2. Click Add, type the IP address of an Active Directory server in your grid, and click Save.
The IP address is added to the IP addresses list.

3. Repeat Step 2 for each Active Directory server you want to add to the list.

4. Click the arrows to move servers up or down the list.
5. In the Password box, type your domain password and click Save.
Update the server configuration for credential changes

You must immediately update the VDI-in-a-Box server configuration parameters if any of the following credentials change: hypervisor, Active Directory, or domain controller. For environments in which account credentials change regularly, Citrix recommends using accounts that remain fixed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>To update in the vdiManager console</th>
<th>Impact if not changed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hypervisor credentials</td>
<td>Click the Servers tab, click the server name, and then click Configure.</td>
<td>VDI-in-a-Box cannot communicate with the hypervisor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Active Directory or domain controller credentials</td>
<td>Click the Users tab and then click Configure.</td>
<td>VDI-in-a-Box cannot authenticate users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer Active Directory or domain controller credentials</td>
<td>Click the Admin tab, and then click Additional Domain for Desktops. Additional Domain for Desktops is enabled only if you have configured separate user and computer domains, as described in Configure separate user and computer domains.</td>
<td>VDI-in-a-Box cannot authenticate computers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Store data in more than one data store

VDI-in-a-Box offers flexible data storage options to enable you to maximize performance in different types of deployment:

- By default, images, desktops, and personal vDisks (the personalized data and applications used for personal desktops) are all stored on the same data store. You specify this when you first configure your grid.

- On Microsoft Hyper-V, VMware ESXi, and VMware vSphere, you can choose a second data store so that your images and personal vDisks are on one data store, and desktops are on another.

- On Microsoft Hyper-V, VMware ESXi, and VMware vSphere, you can also choose a third data store. This allows separate storage of personal vDisks, enabling you to use faster storage for these to optimize performance.

- On XenServer, desktops must be on the same data store as images. You can, however, store personal vDisks separately.

**Important:** Data is not moved when you change data stores. While reference points are maintained to objects in data stores you have left, the objects remain there. Plan any moves carefully and conduct them as infrequently as possible.

1. In the VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) console, from the Admin page, click Advanced Properties.

2. Scroll to the Miscellaneous section and click Enable multiple datastores and then OK.
3. Click the Servers tab and then the server you want to update. The Server Properties dialog box appears.

4. Click Configure. The Configure Server dialog box appears.

5. In the Select datastores section, select data stores for your images, desktops, and personal vDisks.

   **Note:** For XenServer, the option to select a separate data store for desktops is not available, because they have to be stored in the same location as images.
6. Click Save and then Close.
Configure separate user and computer domains

VDI-in-a-Box offers increased security flexibility by enabling separate user and computer domains. For example, higher security can be applied to the computer domain without impacting the less vulnerable user domain.

1. In the VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) console, from the Admin page, click Advanced Properties.

2. Scroll to the Miscellaneous section. Click Specify alternate domain or workgroup for desktop and then OK.

4. In the Domain name box, type the name of the domain for desktops.

5. In the User name and Password boxes, type the administrator credentials for the domain.

6. Click Add, type the IP address for the domain, and click Save to add the address to the IP addresses list.
7. Click Save.

After you have configured an additional domain for desktops, you can select it when preparing images.
Log on to the VDI-in-a-Box appliance

You can use the hypervisor console or a Secure Shell (SSH) client, such as PuTTY, to log on to the VDI-in-a-Box appliance. This enables you to:

- Change the password for the appliance
- Obtain detailed logs for troubleshooting purposes
- Install new SSL certificates, as described in [http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX132234](http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX132234).

Initial credentials for the appliance are:

- User name: kvm
- Password: kaviza123

Citrix recommends changing the default password in the production environment. Change credentials for user names kvm and root from their initial password “kaviza123” by logging on as each of those users and using the passwd command.

**Important:** When changing these passwords, do so for each VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) in the grid. Passwords are associated with the vdiManager appliances, not the entire grid.

To change the VDI-in-a-Box appliance password

1. From your hypervisor console or an SSH client, open the vdiManager.
2. Using the account whose password is to be changed, log on to the vdiManager.
3. At the command prompt, type `passwd` and press Enter.
4. When prompted, type the current password and press Enter.
5. When prompted type the new password and press Enter.
6. When prompted, type the new password again for confirmation and press Enter. A message confirming the successful password change appears.
Manage optional components

This section describes the following optional components and products that you can use to enhance your experience of VDI-in-a-Box:

- Secure remote access with Citrix Access Gateway
- Secure remote access with Remote Desktop Gateway
- Citrix Profile management
- Citrix StoreFront
- Citrix HDX RealTime Optimization Pack for Microsoft Lync
- Citrix Desktop Lock
- Smart cards
- Antivirus software
- Citrix HDX features
Configure secure remote access

To provide remote users with secure connections to virtual desktops, use Citrix Access Gateway 10 with VDI-in-a-Box. The Access Gateway VPX is a virtual appliance for Citrix XenServer, Microsoft Hyper-V, or VMware ESXi that provides secure access to desktops while allowing users to work from anywhere. Using Access Gateway eliminates the need for remote users to configure a virtual private network (VPN) connection and log on to it before logging on to the desktop.

For detailed configuration instructions specific to VDI-in-a-Box, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX134315. For Access Gateway 10 information, see Access Gateway 10. For NetScaler 10 information, see NetScaler 10.

Note that if you use the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client to access virtual desktops, you cannot use Access Gateway.

Prerequisites

- Configure the VDI-in-a-Box Grid IP address as described in Manage a grid. This allows a single entry on Access Gateway without the need for the Load Balancing feature.

  The Grid IP address provides automatic failover of the VDI-in-a-Box web interface as well as connection brokering roles on a local area network (LAN) and through Access Gateway.

- You must have Access Gateway platform licenses.

To install and configure NetScaler VPX 10 for VDI-in-a-Box

Perform the setup described in eDocs under NetScaler > NetScaler 10 > Getting Started with Citrix NetScaler VPX:

1. Download the Virtual Appliance for NetScaler VPX 10.

2. Import the NetScaler VPX virtual appliance onto a supported hypervisor.

3. Configure NetScaler VPX Basic Settings, including NetScaler IP (NSIP) for management and install a NetScaler VPX Platform License.

To configure the vdiManager connection to Access Gateway

The number of configured gateways must not exceed the number of Access Gateway virtual server instances on the NetScaler.
1. In the vdiManager console, from the Admin tab, click Advanced Properties.

2. Add the Grid IP address.

3. Scroll to the Gateways section.

4. In External HDX gateway addresses, type the list of external fully qualified domain names (FQDN) of the Access Gateway(s), including the port and separated by semicolons. Example: www.gw1.com:443;www.gw2.com:443

5. In Internal HDX gateway IP addresses, type the list of Subnet IP (SNIP) or Mapped IP addresses on the NetScalers, separated by semicolons. Specify the same number of Access Gateways in the same order as listed in the external gateways list. Example: 172.16.1.1;172.16.1.2

6. Click OK.

---

**To configure Access Gateway for VDI-in-a-Box**

Create an Access Gateway virtual server for the VDI-in-a-Box grid. You can create multiple Access Gateway virtual servers on a single NetScaler appliance, allowing access to multiple separate VDI-in-a-Box grids.

1. To start the Access Gateway wizard, go to NetScaler > Configuration > Access Gateway, click Create/Monitor Access Gateway, and then click Getting Started.
2. Complete the Access Gateway Setting section, providing an IP address to use for the Access Gateway virtual server.

3. Complete the LDAP Authentication section, providing the same Active Directory domain used by the VDI-in-a-Box grid.

4. Complete the Certificates section, selecting the Install Certificate or Use Test Certificate option. You can create certificates using the NetScaler > Configuration > SSL section or third-party certificate tools.

   **Note:** SSL certificates are required only on Netscaler Access Gateway, not in vdiManager.

5. Configure the DNS section by typing the IP address of the DNS server you are using.


   a. In the Web Interface Address field, type the URL corresponding to the VDI-in-a-Box Grid IP address.

      **Note:** Begin the Web Interface Address URL with https://.

   b. In Secure Ticket Authority, type the Secure Ticket Authority URL, including the Grid IP address, in the following format: https://<vdiGridIPaddress>/dt/sta.

      **Note:** Begin the Secure Ticket Authority URL with https://.

7. Verify the Access Gateway virtual server configuration: In the NetScaler Configuration > Access Gateway > Virtual Servers section, double-click the virtual server created and review the settings. Repair any issues before proceeding.

**To configure a Citrix Receiver policy on the NetScaler Access Gateway**

For details, see Receiver for iOS 5.6.x. This Receiver policy applies to all mobile devices.

1. In the Web Interface Address field, specify the PNAgent URL by entering the Grid IP address in the following format: https://vdiGridIPAddress/dt/PNAgent/config.xml.

2. In Single Sign-on Domain, enter the Active Directory domain used by VDI-in-a-Box.

3. Skip the steps in the Receiver for iOS 5.6.x eDocs page that are related to authentication policies for RADIUS and Active Directory. They are not necessary for VDI-in-a-Box.
To configure Citrix Receiver

Use Citrix Receiver to connect to VDI-in-a-Box desktops though Access Gateway. See the Receiver section of eDocs for details on setting a server URL option with several user devices. For deployments in which the Receiver session policy has not been created on the gateway, use the following URL to connect: https://accessgatewayfqdn/dt/PNAgent/config.xml. Specify the same user name used to access desktops through the vdiManager console.

Important: PNA of PNAgent must be upper-case.
To configure the vdiManager connection through the Remote Desktop Gateway

Remote access to VDI-in-a-Box desktops is available through the Remote Desktop Gateway. The Remote Desktop Gateway must be set up in the demilitarized zone. It must be in the same domain as the virtual desktops to which it provides remote access. The vdiManager must be configured with the Remote Desktop Gateway’s IP address.

**Note:** For details on configuring the Remote Desktop Gateway, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX134286.

1. In the vdiManager console, from the Admin page, click Advanced Properties.

2. Scroll to the Gateways section.

3. In External RDP gateway addresses, type the list of external fully qualified domain names (FQDN) of the Remote Desktop Gateway(s), including the port and separated by semicolons. Example: www.<gateway1>.com:443;www.<gateway2>.com:443

4. In Internal RDP gateway IP addresses, type the list of internal IP addresses of the Remote Desktop Gateways, separated by semicolons. Specify the same number of
To configure the vdiManager connection through the Remote Desktop Gateway

Remote Desktop Gateways in the same order as listed in the external gateways list. Example: 192.0.2.5;192.0.2.20

5. Click OK.
Configure Profile management

To apply user personalization settings to virtual desktops, use Citrix Profile management with VDI-in-a-Box. Profile management consolidates and optimizes user profiles to minimize management and storage requirements. Profile management applies to any user location or user device, providing users with fast logons and logoffs. For details on Profile management, see Profile Management and VDI-in-a-Box.

Prerequisites

- A VDI-in-a-Box grid with at least one server running vdiManager 4.1 or greater
- A Windows 7 or Windows XP image published through vdiManager
- A shared folder on a file server where users have read and write permissions

To install and configure Profile management for VDI-in-a-Box

Plan the deployment and perform the setup described in the following Profile Management topics for your version in eDocs:

- Getting Started with Profile Management
- Planning Your Profile Management Deployment
- Installing and Setting Up Profile Management

**Note:** Install the Profile Management Service on the VDI-in-a-Box published images, either initially creating the image or after it has been published.

- To enable Profile management
- To specify the path to the user store
- Profile Management and Microsoft Outlook

To configure VDI-in-a-Box images for Profile management

For each image used to create desktops, set the Organizational Unit (OU) to the one configured with the Group Policy Object (GPO) template.

1. To view the OU set for an image: Click the Images tab and then click the image name.
2. To set the OU for an image:
   a. Click the Images tab, click the edit link for the image, and then click Confirm.
   b. In the Edit draft image wizard, enter the Organizational unit (OU).

After you save the new draft image, it becomes the new version of the published image and the previous version of the image is deactivated. The image changes are propagated to the desktops based on the associated template refresh policies.

**Optimize your use of Profile management**

To ensure that your VDI-in-a-Box deployment operates as effectively as possible and that no data is lost, Citrix recommends that you always configure certain optional Profile management settings: active write back and profile streaming.

**To enable active write back**

Active write-back ensures that profile updates are regularly synchronized during a session; the default is for updates to be saved only when the user logs off, which, for desktops that are regularly refreshed, means that updates made during a session may be lost. At log-off minimal profile data (if any) then needs to be synchronized. Another benefit of enabling this setting is that if a virtual desktop fails or is reset instead of being correctly shut down, files will have been synchronized.

For details of how to configure active write-back, see To configure active write back.
To enable profile streaming

Profile streaming ensures that user profile contents are fetched only when needed, which has the following benefits:

- Speeds up logon times because the entire user profile is not loaded at logon.
- Uses less network bandwidth because the entire profile does not need to be synchronized from the user store to the virtual desktop each time a user logs on to a new desktop.

For details of how to configure profile streaming, see To stream user profiles.
Use StoreFront with VDI-in-a-Box

This topic describes how to install and configure StoreFront for use with VDI-in-a-Box. It also lists requirements and any limitations to bear in mind when using StoreFront to access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops.

StoreFront is a unified application and data store that allows Windows, web, SaaS and mobile applications to be aggregated and delivered to any user on any device anywhere. This single point of aggregation allows you to deliver VDI-in-a-Box desktops alongside other data types, including XenApp applications and XenDesktop virtual desktops.

StoreFront support for VDI-in-a-Box includes Single Sign-on for both local and remote connections, as well as strong two-factor authentication through Access Gateway Enterprise Edition. This allows for a more secure deployment while improving the user experience. StoreFront also enables you to easily deploy Citrix Receiver and related components to Windows and Mac user devices.

Using StoreFront, all user devices that require Receiver for HTML5 can access VDI-in-a-Box desktops.

For more details about StoreFront, see StoreFront.

StoreFront requirements and limitations

Only virtual desktops from grids that have been configured to use Active Directory can be accessed through StoreFront; desktops that use workgroup mode are not available through StoreFront.

StoreFront must be in the same forest as the servers running VDI-in-a-Box.

If you intend using HTTPS to secure connections between StoreFront and VDI-in-a-Box, you must install SSL certificates on your VDI-in-a-Box servers before configuring StoreFront. For details of how to create a certificate request and install certificates, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX132235 and http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX132234.

You cannot access VDI-in-a-Box kiosks through StoreFront.

To install and configure StoreFront

For the single-server deployment described here, SQL Server must be installed locally on the StoreFront server. Once installed, single-server deployments cannot be expanded by the addition of extra StoreFront servers.

1. Install StoreFront as described in the StoreFront documentation.

2. If the StoreFront management console is not already open after installation of StoreFront, click Start > All Programs > Citrix > Citrix StoreFront.
3. In the results pane of the Citrix StoreFront management console, click Deploy a single server.

   **Note:** The Citrix StoreFront management console checks whether Microsoft SQL Server is installed on the server and, if it is not, the option to deploy a single server is unavailable.

4. Specify the base URL to be used to access the StoreFront services and then click Create to set up the authentication service, which authenticates users to VDI-in-a-Box servers.

5. On the Store Name page, specify a name for your store and click Next.


7. In the Add Delivery Controller dialog box, specify a name that will help you to identify the deployment (for example, VIAB Grid) and select XenDesktop.

8. Click Add, then type in the IP addresses of your VDI-in-a-Box servers.

   For fault tolerance, if you are using the VDI-in-a-Box grid-wide virtual IP address feature, type in only the grid virtual address. If you are not using this feature, type in at least two server IP addresses to enable fault tolerance through StoreFront, listing the entries in order of priority to set the failover sequence.

9. From the Transport type list select the type of connections for StoreFront to use for communications with the servers:
   
   - To send data over unencrypted connections, select HTTP. If you select this option, you must make your own arrangements to secure connections between StoreFront and VDI-in-a-Box. User connections to StoreFront, however, are encrypted regardless of this selection.
   
   - To send data over secure HTTP connections using SSL or Transport Layer Security (TLS), select HTTPS. StoreFront validates SSL certificates, so you must have installed trusted certificates on all VDI-in-a-Box servers to use HTTPS.

   **Note:** If you are using HTTPS, ensure that the server names you specify in the Servers list match exactly (including the case) the names on the certificates for the servers.

10. Specify the port for StoreFront to use for connections to VDI-in-a-Box. The default port is 80 for connections using HTTP, and 443 for HTTPS connections.

11. Click OK. Repeat Steps 6 to 11, as necessary, to list additional deployments on the Delivery Controllers page. Click Next.

12. On the Remote Access page, specify whether and how users connecting from public networks can access the store through Access Gateway:
   
   - To make the store unavailable to users on public networks, select None. Only local users on the internal network will be able to access the store. If you select this option, continue to Step 24.
   
   - To make only resources available through the store available to users on public networks through Access Gateway, select No VPN tunnel. Users log on directly to Access Gateway and do not need to use the Access Gateway Plug-in.
To make the store and other resources on the internal network available to users on public networks through an SSL virtual private network (VPN) tunnel, select Full VPN tunnel. Users require the Access Gateway Plug-in to establish the VPN tunnel.

If you configure remote access to the store through Access Gateway, the pass-through from the Access Gateway authentication method is automatically enabled. Users authenticate to Access Gateway and are automatically logged on when they access their stores.

13. If you enabled remote access, list the Access Gateway deployments through which users access the store. Click Add.

14. On the Gateway Settings page, specify a name for the Access Gateway deployment that will help users to identify it.

Users see the display name you specify in Citrix Receiver, so you should include relevant information in the name to help users decide whether to use the deployment. For example, you could include the geographical location in the display names for your Access Gateway deployments so that users can easily identify the most convenient deployment for their location.

15. Enter the URL of the user logon point or virtual server for your Access Gateway deployment in the Gateway URL box. Specify whether the logon point or virtual server is hosted on a standalone Access Gateway appliance or an Access Controller server that is part of an Access Gateway cluster.


The subnet address is the IP address that Access Gateway Enterprise Edition uses to represent the user device when communicating with servers on the internal network. This can also be the mapped IP address of the Access Gateway appliance. StoreFront uses the subnet IP address to verify that incoming requests originate from a trusted device.

17. From the Logon type list select the authentication method used for Citrix Receiver users accessing their desktops and applications through Access Gateway Enterprise Edition:

- If users are not required to authenticate, select No Authentication.
- If users are required to enter their domain credentials, select Domain only.
- If users are required to enter a tokencode obtained from a security token, select Security token only.
- If users are required to enter both their domain credentials and a tokencode obtained from a security token, select Domain and security token.
- If users are required to enter a one-time password sent by text message, select SMS authentication.

Click Next.
18. If you are configuring StoreFront for an Access Gateway cluster, on the Appliances page list the IP addresses or fully qualified domain names of the Access Gateway appliances in the cluster and click Next.

19. On the Enable Silent Authentication page, specify the URL for an appliance running the Access Gateway authentication service. For Access Gateway clusters, enter URLs for multiple Access Controller servers to enable fault tolerance, listing the servers in order of priority to set the failover sequence. Click Next.

StoreFront uses the Access Gateway authentication service to authenticate remote users so that they do not need to re-enter their credentials when accessing stores.

20. On the Secure Ticket Authority (STA) page, specify the URL for a server running the STA. Enter URLs for multiple STA servers to enable fault tolerance, listing the servers in order of priority to set the failover sequence. If you are using the VDI-in-a-Box grid-wide virtual IP address feature, you need specify only the grid virtual address to enable fault tolerance.

**Important:** The paths for VDI-in-a-Box servers must include `/dt/sta` after the IP address. For example `https://203.0.113.2/dt/sta`

The STA issues session tickets in response to requests for connections to VDI-in-a-Box servers. These session tickets form the basis of authentication and authorization for access to resources.

21. If you want to keep disconnected sessions open while Citrix Receiver attempts to reconnect automatically, select the Enable session reliability check box. If you configured multiple STAs and want to ensure that session reliability is always available, select the Request tickets from two STAs, where available check box.

When the Request tickets from two STAs, where available check box is selected, StoreFront obtains session tickets from two different STAs so that user sessions are not interrupted if one STA becomes unavailable during the course of the session. If, for any reason, StoreFront is unable to contact two STAs, it falls back to using a single STA.
22. Click Create to configure remote user access to the store through your Access Gateway deployment.

23. Repeat Steps 13 to 22, as necessary, to list additional Access Gateway deployments on the Remote Access page. If you add multiple deployments, specify a default Access Gateway appliance to be used to access the store.

24. On the Remote Access page, click Create and then, when the store has been created, click Finish.

   StoreFront automatically establishes a trust relationship between the new store and the authentication service.

   The URL for users to access the Receiver for Web site for the new store is displayed. The Receiver for Web site enables users to access their desktops through a Web page.

   Your store is now available for users to access with Citrix Receiver and through the Receiver for Web site. After creating the store, further options become available in the Citrix StoreFront management console.

   By default, the store is configured to specify that Citrix Receiver Updater for Windows and Citrix Receiver Updater for Mac users accessing the store receive plug-in updates directly from the Citrix Update Service on the Citrix web site. The specific plug-ins included depend on the configuration of the store.
Optimize Microsoft Lync calling in virtual desktops hosted by VDI-in-a-Box

If you have Microsoft Lync deployed in your environment, and your users make Lync calls from their virtual desktops, use Citrix RealTime HDX Optimization Pack to improve the quality of the audio and video associated with the calls. The Lync optimization pack channels audio and video components of Lync calls to local resources for efficient processing and high quality playback.

The Lync optimization pack consists of two components:

1. You install HDX RealTime Media Engine on your users’ devices.
2. You install HDX RealTime Connector on your users’ virtual desktops.

You can download the Lync optimization pack from the VDI-in-a-Box download pages.

For important information about the Lync optimization pack, such as system requirements, installation instructions, and configuration tips, see the following topics in eDocs: HDX RealTime Optimization Pack for Microsoft Lync.
Manage the Citrix Desktop Lock

The Citrix Desktop Lock locks down the user device so that users can access only their VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktop; they cannot interact with the local desktop.

The user must have only one template assigned.

For Single Sign-on to work, the user device must be in the same domain as the VDI-in-a-Box grid.

To install the Desktop Lock:

1. Ensure you have read User device requirements so that you know your environment is appropriate.

2. Log on to the user device with administrator credentials.


4. Download CitrixDesktopLock.msi from the VDI-in-a-Box download page on the Citrix web site.

5. Open a command prompt and install Receiver as follows:

   CitrixReceiverEnterprise.exe
   ADDLOCAL="ICA_Client,SSON,USB,DesktopViewer, Flash,PN-Agent,Vd3d"
   SERVER_LOCATION="https://my.vdi-grid" ENABLE_SSON="Yes"

   where my.vdi-grid is the URL of your VDI-in-a-Box grid.

6. When the Receiver installation has completed, click Cancel when you are prompted for credentials to log on to the Citrix application.

7. Double-click CitrixDesktopLock.msi, then follow the wizard steps for installing the Desktop Lock.

8. When the installation has completed, click Close.

9. When prompted, restart the user device. If you then log on using your domain user credentials, your VDI-in-a-Box desktop opens immediately, just as if it were your local desktop.
Configure smart card authentication

VDI-in-a-Box supports smart card authentication, enabling users to log on to virtual desktops by using a smart card reader. To log on, users insert a smart card in the reader and enter their smart card Personal Identification Number (PIN). If users remove their smart cards during a session, they are forced to log off.

Prerequisites

- Device driver for the smart card installed on the draft image before you publish the image and provision desktops from it.

- Smart cards check box selected for the template, as described in the instructions below.

- User device requirements:
  - Windows-based operating system (refer to User device requirements for supported systems).
  - Citrix Receiver configured with the vdiManager's PNAgent address. For more details, see Configure Windows, Mac, and Linux devices to access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops.
  - User devices in the same domain as the VDI-in-a-Box grid.

  **Note:** To use smart cards in an environment where the user devices cannot be in a Windows domain (for example non-Windows thin clients), see the section 'To configure smart card authentication for non-Windows user devices' below, which also describes the limitations of this type of configuration.

- Active Directory:
  - The VDI-in-a-Box grid, the user devices, and the desktops must all be in the same domain. The user devices can be in a different Organisational Unit (OU) from the desktops.
  - Configure Group Policy for smart card removal behavior. For example, you can set it to force user log off from the user device when the smart card is removed. This ensures that Receiver is unloaded and reset for subsequent use.

You cannot use smart cards in a StoreFront deployment.
To configure smart card authentication for domain-joined Windows user devices

1. Plan the templates needed for smart card authentication. Desktops based on a template configured for smart cards require a smart card for access. Users who attempt to connect to such desktops without a smart card are denied access.

2. Create one or more templates configured for smart cards:
   a. Click the Templates tab and then click the Add link.
   b. In the Create a New Desktop Template wizard, specify the template information as usual.
   c. Select the Smart cards check box.
   d. Click Proceed and then click Next.
   e. Specify the template policies and then click Save.

3. Assign users or groups to the new templates. For help, refer to Assign templates to users, groups, and IP addresses.

4. Configure user devices: on the user device, open Receiver, select Server Options, then for Logon Mode select Pass-through authentication.

5. Test smart card authentication on a user device: insert a smart card in the reader, enter your PIN, and the desktops available to you should be displayed.
To configure smart card authentication for non-Windows user devices

1. Import the image on which your template will be based.

2. When you are editing the image, enable the image's standalone mode by editing the following registry entry (of type REG_DWORD): ForceVdaStandaloneMode. Set this to 1 to enable standalone mode. For x86 this is in HKLM\SOFTWARE\Citrix\VDI\HDX Connector Service. For x64 this is in HKLM\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\Citrix\VDI\HDX Connector Service.

   **Caution:** Editing the Registry incorrectly can cause serious problems that may require you to reinstall your operating system. Citrix cannot guarantee that problems resulting from the incorrect use of Registry Editor can be solved. Use Registry Editor at your own risk. Be sure to back up the registry before you edit it.

3. Create a generic user in Active Directory with a complex password.

4. In the vdiManager console, click Admin, then Advanced Properties.

5. Select Enable generic user and Require users to re-enter username and password on Windows logon screen.

6. When you have created the template (remembering to select the Smart cards check box), assign the generic user and the smart card user to it.

7. Without inserting the smart card, log on to Receiver on the user device with the generic user name, leaving the password blank. The desktops available to that user are displayed.

8. Launch a desktop. The desktop logon screen appears.

9. Insert your smart card and enter your PIN, then your selected desktop appears.
VDI-in-a-Box provides an inherently secure environment by centralizing data and utilizing disposable pooled desktops or persistent personal desktops. Administrators choosing to provide additional security through antivirus software deployment should take steps to avoid the following issue, which is frequently encountered when running antivirus software in a VDI environment.

The software is running on pooled desktops that are destroyed every time the user logs off from the desktop. If the user logs on to a desktop and the antivirus software detects that the virus definitions are out of date, a new set of virus definitions is downloaded. When the user logs off from the desktop, the newly downloaded definitions are destroyed with the desktop and a new desktop will be generated with the outdated definitions from the image. The next time the user logs on, the virus definitions need to be downloaded yet again, and the definitions download grows larger and larger until the image has been updated with the latest definitions.

To avoid this issue, virus definitions should be stored separately from desktops in a central location that all desktops can point to. There are many antivirus programs designed specifically for virtualized environments that do this by default; some traditional antivirus programs also support this.

For information on compatible antivirus software, see http://www.citrix.com/ready/en/search?category_ids%5B%5D=42.
Use HDX features and enhancements

Citrix HDX includes a broad set of technologies that provide a high-definition user experience for today’s media-rich user environments.

The following Citrix XenDesktop topics explain how to configure and use these HDX features and enhancements.

Quick links

- Configuring HDX MediaStream Flash Redirection on the Server
- Configuring Audio
- Avoiding Echo During Multimedia Conferences With HDX RealTime
- Video Conferencing with HDX RealTime Webcam Video Compression
- Redirecting Aero Functionality
- Improving Responsiveness in Low Bandwidth Conditions by Compressing Colors
- Assigning Priorities to Network Traffic
- Providing Smooth-running Videos and Slide Shows
- Configuring Read-Only Access to Mapped Client Drives

To configure HDX policies through Group Policy settings

Many HDX features are configurable through Group Policy settings. If your network environment includes Active Directory and you have the appropriate permissions to manage Group Policy, you can use the Group Policy Editor to configure HDX policies settings. The HDX policy settings template for Active Directory is available for download from the VDI-in-a-Box downloads page.

In the Group Policy Editor, you access policies and settings by clicking Citrix Policies under Computer Configuration or User Configuration in the tree pane.
Access VDI-in-a-Box from user devices

Users access Citrix VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops through their user devices. Protocols, such as Remote Desktop Connection (RDP) or Citrix’s HDX, are used to communicate between the user device and virtual desktop. A client-side protocol agent and a server-side protocol agent are required to make the connection between the user device and the virtual desktop.

Note that if you use VDI-in-a-Box in Workgroup mode, as opposed to through Active Directory, users have to enter their credentials twice: once to connect to vdiManager and again to log on to Windows.

Protocols supported by VDI-in-a-Box

VDI-in-a-Box supports the following protocols:

- HDX
  - This is the default protocol.
  - No separate license is required.
  - HDX provides a high-definition user experience.
  - HDX provides better multimedia support while using less bandwidth.
  - HDX is suitable for remote access over a WAN.
- Remote Desktop Connection (RDP) V6 and V7
  - RDP is suitable for LAN deployments.

**Note:** For best results when using Remote Desktop Connection V7, Citrix recommends running Windows 7 on both the virtual desktop and the user device.

Access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops

Users access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops in any of three ways:

**Important:** All access methods require Citrix Receiver on the user device.

- **Web browser** — Web browsers support both HDX and RDP, although some configuration is required to use each protocol.
- **Citrix Receiver**
  - Citrix Receiver allows direct access to VDI-in-a-Box desktops through an HDX connection without the use of a Web browser or Java client.
Receiver connects to VDI-in-a-Box desktops on Windows, Mac, Linux, iOS, and Android platforms.

With Citrix Receiver, older and low-end thin clients that do not have browsers can be used to access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops. Mobile devices, such as the iPad, can also be used with Receiver to access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops without requiring a Web browser or Java client.

VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client

- The Java client automatically checks for updates and refreshes itself as needed.
- The client requires the Java Runtime Environment.
- The client switches to an RDP connection if an HDX connection is not available.

Note that if you use the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client to access virtual desktops, you cannot use Access Gateway.

Compare client access

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<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Y</td>
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<tr>
<td>Web browser</td>
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<td>Y</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>VDI-in-a-Box Java Client</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td></td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: If the grid-wide virtual IP address feature is active, automatic failover is available for all three access methods. See Manage a grid for details.

The kiosk option is useful for libraries, nurses’ stations, and anywhere you want to place a public user device with the desktop assigned to the device and not to the user logging on. All users receive the same desktop, based on the purpose of the kiosk.

Log on from a user device

The following figure shows a basic logon sequence between a Web browser on a user device and a server with VDI-in-a-Box Manager. An HDX session between the user device and a specific virtual desktop on the server is being created using Receiver. Once the connection is created, the session traffic takes place between Receiver and the virtual desktop only. The same sequence applies when the Java client is used.
Access VDI-in-a-Box from user devices

1. Logon request
2. ICA file with desktop info
3. ICA file
4. HDX session

Server
VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiMGR)
Virtual desktop

User device
Web browser
HDX client-side agent
VDI-in-a-Box Desktop Agent
HDX server-side agent
Configure Windows, Mac, and Linux devices to access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops

Prerequisites

Install the appropriate Citrix Receiver on the user device in order for it to access VDI-in-a-Box desktops. You can download Receiver from http://receiver.citrix.com/?ntref=citrixdotcomdownloads.

For Linux devices, you must also install rdesktop, which you can download from http://www.rdesktop.org.

If you are using the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client you must also install the Java Runtime Environment (JRE), which you can download from https://www.java.com.

Note: Citrix recommends using a JRE version earlier than version 7 Update 45 to access VDI-in-a-Box desktops.

If you have already upgraded to version 7.45 or later and do not want to downgrade, configure Java to not keep temporary files. However, you will have to download the JAR files every time you access the configuration utility.

To downgrade to an earlier version of the JRE:

1. Remove your current version by following the instructions at http://www.java.com/en/download/help/uninstall_java.xml

To configure user devices to access VDI-in-a-Box desktops with a web browser

These steps may vary slightly depending on your web browser.

1. Start your web browser.
2. In the web browser address box, type https://<vdiManagerIPaddress>. A security warning about the web site's certificate may appear.
3. Accept the certificate as trusted and continue. The VDI-in-a-Box Log On page appears.
4. Create a desktop shortcut to the VDI-in-a-Box logon page through the web browser.
To configure user devices to access VDI-in-a-Box desktops with Citrix Receiver

You can use Citrix Receiver on user devices to connect to VDI-in-a-Box desktops. See the Receiver section of eDocs for details on setting a server URL option. Use the following URL: http://<vdiManagerIPaddress>/dt/PNAgent/config.xml. Use the user name you use for accessing desktops through the vdiManager console.

To configure user devices to access VDI-in-a-Box desktops with the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client

1. Read the notes about JRE versions in the Prerequisites section above, then ensure you have installed the JRE on the device.

2. Open a Command Prompt window or Terminal window on your device.

3. At the command or Terminal prompt, type the address of the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client: javaws http://<vdiManagerIPaddress>/dt/vdiclient.jnlp. A security warning about the web site’s certificate may appear.

4. Accept the certificate as trusted and continue.

   Note: To avoid this error, either install a trusted certificate on the vdiManager or do not use https and use http://<vdiManagerIPaddress>/dt/vdiclient.jnlp. This does not compromise security because only the jnlp file is downloaded through http. The credentials are still sent to the vdiManager over a secure https connection.

5. If additional security warnings appear, accept them and continue. The VDI-in-a-Box Client dialog box appears.

6. Create a desktop shortcut to the VDI-in-a-Box Java Desktop Client.

   a. Open a command or Terminal window on the device.

   b. At the command or Terminal prompt, type javaws -viewer. The Java Cache Viewer window appears.

   c. Right-click the JavaClient entry and select Install Shortcuts.
Configure iOS devices to access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops

Prerequisites

- Integrate the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box grid with Active Directory for user authentication.
- Assign at least one template to users accessing desktops from iOS devices (iPads and iPhones).

To configure an iOS device to access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops

For details related to Citrix Receiver for iOS, see the Receiver for iOS section of eDocs (Receiver for iOS).

1. Download and install Receiver for iOS from the iTunes App Store.

2. Open the New Account screen to configure accounts manually for Citrix Receiver for mobile devices) and in Address, type the address to the VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) in the following format: https://<vdiManagerIPAddress>/dt/PNAgent/config.xml.

3. Tap Next. The Verified screen appears.

4. Complete the Verified screen and tap Save. A list of the desktops available to the configured user appears.

To access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops with an iOS device

1. On the Accounts screen, tap the VDI-in-a-Box account you want to open.

2. On the Enter Credentials screen, type your user credentials and tap OK.

   **Note:** Depending on the account settings, the user password may be saved, in which case this step is skipped.

   A list of the available desktops for the account appears.

3. Tap the desired desktop. You are connected to the virtual desktop.
Configure Android devices to access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops

Prerequisites

- Enable HDX on the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box grid.
- Enable and license the VDI-in-a-Box HDX Gateway.
- Integrate the Citrix VDI-in-a-Box grid with Active Directory for user authentication.
- Assign at least one template to users accessing desktops from Android devices.

To configure an Android device to access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops

For details related to Citrix Receiver for Android, see the Receiver for Android section of eDocs.

1. Download and install Receiver for Android from the Android Market.

2. Open the Add Account screen and in Address, type the address of the VDI-in-a-Box Manager (vdiManager) in the following format: 

3. If the security warning message appears, tap Accept An error message appears.


5. On the Add Account page, type the Username and Domain, and tap Add.

   **Caution:** If desired, the user’s password can also be typed here. This saves the password and allows the user to connect to the VDI-in-a-Box desktop with no identity verification.

   The new account is added to the Accounts list.
To access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops with an Android device

1. On the Citrix Receiver Accounts list, tap the VDI-in-a-Box account you want to open.

2. Type your password.

   **Note:** If the user password was saved during the configuration process, this step is skipped.

3. Type your user credentials and tap Log On. You are connected to the virtual desktop.
Use thin clients to access VDI-in-a-Box virtual desktops

VDI-in-a-Box supports a wide variety of thin clients from leading vendors such as HP and Dell Wyse. Citrix has established the Citrix Ready framework to help you choose the right thin client for your VDI-in-a-Box deployment. Citrix Ready is a verification program for Citrix partners including thin client vendors to ensure interoperability between their products and Citrix products such as VDI-in-a-Box. Select the thin clients that achieve basic Citrix Ready status or the more stringent HDX Ready status to ensure successful VDI deployment in your environment. More information about HDX Ready and Citrix Ready thin clients is at http://www.citrix.com/ready/.
Migrate from VDI-in-a-Box 5.0.x or 5.1.x to VDI-in-a-Box 5.2

This topic describes how to migrate your VDI-in-a-Box 5.0.x or 5.1.x grid to VDI-in-a-Box 5.2. You cannot upgrade to VDI-in-a-Box 5.2; you must migrate your deployment as described in this topic. This is because Citrix has upgraded the vdiManager appliance to a newer Linux appliance to provide increased security and to support Microsoft Hyper-V Server 2012. You must therefore deploy the new vdiManager appliance on each server in the grid and then use the migration wizard to move configuration information from the existing vdiManager to the new vdiManager.

**Important:** If you intend to upgrade your hypervisor, do this only after the migration of VDI-in-a-Box is complete. If you upgrade before or during migration, the migration process may fail.

**Limitations**

- Only migration from VDI-in-a-Box 5.0.x or 5.1.x to Citrix VDI-in-a-Box 5.2 is supported.

- If you are already using VDI-in-a-Box 5.2 and want to upgrade to the latest version, do not attempt to use the process described in this topic. You must upgrade rather than migrate. For more information on new versions and hotfixes, see http://support.citrix.com/cms/kc/vdi-downloads/.

- Direct migration from versions earlier than VDI-in-a-Box 5.0 is not supported. To move from earlier versions you must first migrate your grid to VDI-in-a-Box 5.0, as described in the documentation for VDI-in-a-Box 5.0, then migrate to VDI-in-a-Box 5.2 as described in this topic.

**Migrating and Network Configuration**

The following table shows the effect migration has on network configuration.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Before Migration (vdiManager 5.0.x or 5.1.x)</th>
<th>After Migration (vdiManager 5.2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)</td>
<td>Static IP Configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Static IP Configuration</td>
<td>Static IP Configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manual Network Configuration</td>
<td>Not migrated - must be manually configured</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you are using DHCP before migration, DHCP reservations must be in place for all VDIManager 5.2 nodes before starting the migration. If you do not do this, then after going from DHCP to static IP addresses with the same IP values, IP address conflicts may occur.
Prerequisites

vdimanager 5.2 must be on the same server as the 5.0.x or 5.1.x vdimanager.

To migrate a VDI-in-a-Box grid: summary

The following steps summarize the migration process, and details of each step are then provided.

1. Destroy all pooled desktops except for any with the manual refresh policy (known as static desktops).

2. Publish or destroy all draft images. Make sure that no images are being transferred before proceeding to the next step.

3. Shut down all static desktops and personal desktops (desktops for which user changes are saved on a personal vDisk, as described in Manage personal desktops).

4. Deactivate all servers in the grid.

5. Put the grid into maintenance mode.

6. Migrate all the servers in a grid one-by-one using the migration wizard.

7. Update all published images. Note that this updates the desktop agent on personal desktops.

8. Update static desktops (manually refreshed desktops) one at a time.

   **Caution:** Do not do this with personal desktops: this may destroy the personal vDisk.

9. Take the grid out of maintenance mode.

10. Activate all servers in the grid.

11. Reprovision pooled desktops.

12. Restart personal desktops.
To migrate a VDI-in-a-Box grid: detailed steps

1. Destroy all pooled desktops except for static desktops.
   a. Desktops are unavailable during a migration, so coordinate the downtime with the users.
   b. Log on to the vdiManager 5.0.x or 5.1.x console.
   c. Set the number of pre-started desktops to zero for each template for pooled desktops: click the Templates tab, click the template name, click Next, in Pre-started desktops type 0, then click Save.

2. Publish or destroy all draft images. Make sure that no images are being transferred before proceeding to the next step:
   a. Click the Images tab.
   b. Ensure no draft or test images are listed.

3. Shut down all personal desktops and static desktops: click the Desktops tab, click User Sessions, click Actions for each desktop you want to shut down, then click Shutdown.
   Note: Do not put the grid into maintenance mode until all the static and personal desktops have completely shut down.

4. Deactivate all servers in the grid: click the Servers tab, click the desired server, click Deactivate, then click Confirm.

5. Put the grid into maintenance mode: click the Admin tab, click Grid Maintenance, then click OK.

6. Migrate all the servers in a grid one-by-one using the migration wizard:
   a. Set up vdiManager 5.2 as a virtual machine on your hypervisor, using the latest 5.2.x appliance.
   b. On the Welcome page, click Yes, start migration.
Migrate

Welcome!

Thank you for choosing VDI-in-a-Box. We want this to be a fast and pleasant experience. Below is a brief overview of the set up process. If you want background information on VDI-in-a-Box before you get started, go to support.citrix.com/vdi-in-a-box.

Are you migrating an existing VDI-in-a-Box Manager? Yes, start migration.

Overview

Below are the 4 steps you will need to complete in order to generate desktops for your users:

1. Set up your Hypervisor and VDI-in-a-Box Grid
2. Generate a Base Desktop Image
3. Create Desktop Template from the Base Image
4. Assign Users to Desktops

Get Started

c. Enter the Manager IP Address for the desired vdiManager 5.0.x or 5.1.x.

Important: Be sure to enter the IP address for the correct vdiManager, which is the one you are migrating from. The wizard does not check this.

d. Leave the password field blank or, if you have changed the password, type your password, then click Migrate.
The vdiManager 5.0.x or 5.1.x appliance is powered off and disabled by the wizard so it cannot rejoin the grid during the migration even if it is accidentally started.

**Note:** Do not start a powered-off vdiManager during or after the migration.

The migration of the vdiManager begins and runs for approximately five minutes. As part of the process, the IP address of the vdiManager being retired is transferred to the new vdiManager 5.2; this allows users to connect using their existing shortcuts, bookmarks, and links. After the migration finishes, the VDI-in-a-Box Log On page for the new vdiManager 5.2 appears.

When the migration process has started, you can begin migrating the next server in the grid. Repeat these steps until all servers in the grid are migrated.

**Important:** Do not bring the grid out of maintenance mode until all servers have been migrated. Using a grid with both versions of vdiManager results in the loss of desktops from the vdiManagers that are being retired.

7. Update all published images. Note that this updates the desktop agent on personal desktops.

   a. After all servers in the grid have been migrated, log on to one server’s vdiManager console and click the Images tab. All your images are displayed with a yellow warning triangle next to them.

   b. Click on the warning triangle next to the first image.

   c. To automatically update the image without testing it, select Automatically update and save image without test (note that this option is not available for images migrated from 5.0.x).

   To step through the update process manually, ensure that the above check box is cleared.

   **Note:** After you have selected to automatically update the image, you cannot pause or cancel the process. If you decide that you want to edit or test the image
you must delete the draft desktop and start the upgrade process again.

d. Click Confirm.

If you selected automatic update, no further action is necessary: the image is updated and published ready for you to use. Continue this process at Step k.

If you did not select automatic update, the manual edit process begins and the Specify Administrator Credentials dialog box appears.

e. Select whether to provide credentials for an administrator or a local user with administrator privileges.

Important: If you select to use the credentials for a local user with administrator privileges, disable the Microsoft Windows feature User Account Control (UAC). For details, see http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc709691(v=ws.10).aspx.

f. Type the user name and password for an account with administrator privileges on the image and click OK.

The installation of the new Desktop Agent begins and a status page appears showing the progress. The Edit Image page of the wizard appears.

Note: If you are upgrading a published image from 5.0.x, you may see error messages reporting 'automatic desktop agent installation failure' or 'windows version check failed on desktop'. To fix this issue, either enable file and printer sharing through the firewall on the draft image, or install the Desktop Agent manually as described in Install the Desktop Agent manually.

g. On the Edit Image page, make any additional edits to the image you require, such as adding new applications, and click Next.

h. Complete the Prepare Image and Test Image pages. For details about these pages, see Create the first Windows image.

i. On the Test Image page, click Save. A message appears stating that continuing will save the prepared image and distribute it to other servers in the grid.

j. Click Confirm. The updated image is published and ready to be deployed based on your refresh policies.

k. Repeat the above steps for each of your published images.

8. Update static desktops (manually refreshed desktops) one at a time.

Caution: Do not do this with personal desktops: this may destroy the personal vDisk.

a. Restart the desktop.

b. From your hypervisor, log on the desktop as an administrator. Citrix recommends using a local administrator account.

c. From the Control Panel, uninstall the currently installed Desktop Agent. The virtual machine restarts.
d. From the hypervisor, log on to the same desktop as an administrator.

e. In the virtual machine's web browser, type the address of the Desktop Agent (https://<IPaddress>/dt/dtagent/) into the URL box.

f. Follow the on-screen instructions.

g. Repeat these steps for each static desktop in the grid.

9. Take the grid out of maintenance mode: click the Admin tab, click Grid Maintenance, then click OK.

10. Activate all servers in the grid: click the Servers tab, click the relevant server, then click Activate.

11. Reprovision pooled desktops: for each pooled desktop template, click the Templates tab, click on the template name, click Next, in Pre-started desktops type the number of pre-started desktops you want, then click Save.

12. Restart personal desktops: click the Desktops tab, click User Sessions, then for each personal desktop click Actions and select Restart.
VDI-in-a-Box reference information

This topic provides reference information for use when planning and implementing your VDI-in-a-Box deployment.

Communication ports and protocols

For details of the communication ports and protocols used by each component, see http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX135153.

Services

The following tables provide information about the services installed with VDI-in-a-Box:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Desktop VM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Agent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Agent Monitor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrix VDI-in-a-Box HDX Connector Service</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Hyper-V

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service name</th>
<th>Short name</th>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>


| Citrix VDI-in-a-Box Hyper-V Connector | vdiHVConnector | \kaviza (Network) | Securely exposes the Windows Hyper-V WMI interface for vdiManager to communicate with the hypervisor. |